TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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ANNUAL FILING AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS

§

COUNTIES OF CHAMBERS AND JEFFERSON

I, Scott Kahla, President of the Board of Directors of the Trinity Bay Conservation District hereby swear, or affirm, that the District named above has reviewed and approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the District on the 17 day of February , 2021 its annual report for the year or period ended September 30, 2020 and that copies of the annual audit have been filed in the District office, located at 2500 SH 124, Stowell, Texas. The annual filing affidavit and the attached copy of the annual audit report are being submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality in satisfaction of all annual filing requirements within Section 49.194 of the Texas Water Code.

Date: 2-24, 2021

(Signature of District Representative)

Scott Kahla, President of the Board of Directors (Typed Name and Title of above District Representative)

Sworn to and subscribed to before me this 24th day of Februss 4

(Seal)

(Signature of Notary)

My commission expires on 9-11-24

__, _____, Notary Public in and for the State of Texas.

BARBARA SIGUT Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 09-11-2024 Notary ID 124173303

J. Pat O'Neill, III, CPA Michael W. Kiefer, CPA Troy W. Domingue, CPA



Stanley (Chip) Majors, Jr., CPA.CITP, CGMA Jane P. Burns, CPA, CDFA Jeremy R. Triska, CPA

February 17, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District Stowell, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Trinity Bay Conservation District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District Page 2 February 17, 2021

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 4 through 9; the Schedules of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Rations and Employer Contributions on pages 46 through 47; the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Governmental Fund on page 48; and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual - Water and Wastewater Fund on page 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information on pages 4 through 9 and pages 46 through 47 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The required supplementary information on pages 48 through 49 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Trinity Bay Conservation District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information listed in the Table of Contents on pages 50 through 62 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information listed in the Table of Contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The current year financial information included in these schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedules of Services and Rates and Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this information.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2021, on our consideration of Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wathen, DeShong & Juncker, L.L.P.

WATHEN, DeSHONG & JUNCKER, L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Trinity Bay Conservation District, we offer readers of the Trinity Bay Conservation District financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Trinity Bay Conservation District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the District's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Trinity Bay Conservation District exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2020, by \$34,214,202 (net position).
- The Trinity Bay Conservation District's total net position decreased by \$111,768. The District had expenses associated with all activities totaling \$9,803,340 and total revenues were \$9,691,572.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Trinity Bay Conservation District's basic financial statements. These financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements 3) notes to the financial statements and 4) required supplementary information which includes this management's discussion. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also contains other supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Trinity Bay Conservation District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Trinity Bay Conservation District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

Fund financial statements - A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District's funds can be divided into two categories- governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Nonfinancial assets and long-term liabilities that will not be paid with current assets are excluded. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds - Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District's enterprise funds consist of a water and wastewater fund which is combined with the debt service and construction funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 20 through 45.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information presents additional information related to the pension activity of the District, and budgetary comparison schedules for the District to demonstrate compliance with the budget. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 46 through 49. Texas supplementary information provides schedules relating to services and rates, fund expenditures and expenses, investments, taxes, long-term debt, comparative statements of revenue and expenditures, comparative statements of revenue and expenses, board members, key personnel and consultants, and can be found on pages 50 through 62.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINACIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Trinity Bay Conservation District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$34.2 million at September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2020, the District has invested \$29.5 million in capital assets, net of related debt. Approximately \$1.15 million of the District's net position is restricted for debt service. The \$3.5 million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year. This compares to \$29.3 million invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$1.2 million restricted for debt service, and \$3.9 million of unrestricted net position at September 30, 2019.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,308,799 9,860,878	\$ 3,092,543 10,229,093	\$ 3,821,767 27,037,522	\$ 4,350,658 27,362,083	\$ 7,130,566 36,898,400	\$ 7,443,201 37,591,176		
Total Assets	13,169,677	13,321,636	30,859,289	31,712,741	44,028,966	45,034,377		
Deferred outflows of resources	239,043	960,189	239,042		478,085	960,189		
Current and other liabilities	334,625	468,368	1,208,225	1,028,006	1,542,850	1,496,374		
Long-term liabilities	665,603	2,166,167	7,834,958	7,949,540	8,500,561	10,115,707		
Total Liabilities	1,000,228	2,634,535	9,043,183	8,977,546	10,043,411	11,612,081		
Deferred inflows of resources	124,719	56,515	124,719		249,438	56,515		
Net Position Net investment in								
Capital assets	9,691,354	9,833,617	19,853,450	19,432,756	29,544,804	29,266,373		
Restricted	-	-	1,153,039	1,200,428	1,153,039	1,200,428		
Unrestricted	2,592,419	1,757,158	923,940	2,102,011	3,516,359	3,859,169		
Total Net Position	\$ 12,283,773	\$ 11,590,775	\$ 21,930,429	\$ 22,735,195	\$ 34,214,202	\$ 34,325,970		

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$9.7 million in 2020. During 2020, the District's intergovernmental revenue derived from construction agreements with Chambers County totaled \$735,538 which accounted for 7.6% of overall revenue. Without consideration of the intergovernmental revenue, the District's revenue originates from charges for services totaling \$4.7 million or 49% and property taxes of \$3.5 million or 36% of total revenue (less intergovernmental revenue).

The total cost of all programs and services was \$9.8 million, an increase of \$338,517 over 2019. Normal operating expenses by function included water and wastewater of \$5.5 million, drainage \$3.0 million, administration \$822,821, and interest on debt \$227,412. The District's had a decrease in net position of \$111,768

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2020 2019		2019		
Revenues			_					
Charges for services								
Construction services	\$ 356,590	\$ 812,348	\$ 378,948	\$ 328,471	\$ 735,538	\$ 1,140,819		
Water and wastewater	-	-	4,708,378	4,274,455	4,708,378	4,274,455		
General revenues								
Property taxes	3,534,230	3,650,986	-	-	3,534,230	3,650,986		
Other taxes	11,896	11,069	-	-	11,896	11,069		
Investment income	6,083	8,780	10,405	10,896	16,488	19,676		
Other	142,752	78,965	542,290	283,962	685,042	362,927		
Total Revenues	4,051,551	4,562,148	5,640,021	4,897,784	9,691,572	9,459,932		
Expenses								
General administration	822,821	656,204	-	-	822,821	656,204		
Drainage	3,062,289	3,332,709	-	-	3,062,289	3,332,709		
Water and wastewater	-	-	5,502,254	5,052,060	5,502,254	5,052,060		
Project expenses	-	-	188,564	166,094	188,564	166,094		
Interest on long-term debt	4,884	16,376	222,528	241,380	227,412	257,756		
Total Expenses	3,889,994	4,005,289	5,913,346	5,459,534	9,803,340	9,464,823		
Transfers	_	(2,054,964)		2,054,964				
Increase (decrease) in								
net position	161,557	(1,498,105)	(273,325)	1,493,214	(111,768)	(4,891)		
Net position - beginning	11,590,775	13,017,978	22,735,195	21,255,687	34,325,970	34,273,665		
Prior period adjustment	531,441	70,902	(531,441)	(13,706)		57,196		
Net position - ending	\$ 12,283,773	\$ 11,590,775	\$ 21,930,429	\$ 22,735,195	\$ 34,214,202	\$ 34,325,970		

Governmental activities: Net position of the governmental activities of the District's increased by \$161,557.

Business type activities. Business-type activities decreased the District's net position by \$273,325.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

Revenues for the District's governmental fund types (the General Fund) totaled \$4.0 million in 2020, a decrease of \$413,868 from 2019. Revenues in 2020 included property taxes of \$3.5 million compared to \$3.5 million in 2019. Total expenditures were \$3.8 million with \$372,457 of capital expenditures. Governmental expenditures included 72.9% of the expenditures for drainage maintenance and improvements, 21.1% were for general administrative services of the District, and debt service accounted for the remaining 6% of expenditures.

Budgetary Highlights

Amendments were made to the original budget during the year as needed. The budget revisions are presented in the amended columns of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Governmental Fund, which can be found on page 48 and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual – Enterprise Fund on page 49. Revenues for the Governmental Funds were below budgeted amounts by 2.4%, while Enterprise Fund revenues were below budgeted amounts by 6.8%. Governmental Funds operating expenditures were under budget by 6.9%, while Enterprise Funds operating expenses (excluding depreciation) were under budget by 4.4%.

Capital Assets

The Trinity Bay Conservation District's investment in capital assets at September 30, 2020, was \$ 36,898,400 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, utility systems, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and represents a net decrease of \$692,776 after considering current depreciation expense of \$ 2,055,128.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,107,127	\$ 1,107,127	\$ 1,107,127	\$ 1,107,127
Easements	681,333	681,333	-	-	681,333	681,333
Construction in progress	-	45,036	1,807,827	1,839,313	1,807,827	1,884,349
Assets held under capital lease	638,015	1,414,412	-	167,143	638,015	1,581,555
Buildings and improvements	-	-	3,776,265	3,776,265	3,776,265	3,776,265
Infrastructure	13,094,358	12,674,640	41,405,059	40,430,138	54,499,417	53,104,778
Machinery and equipment	3,943,705	3,538,870	1,172,903	961,525	5,116,608	4,500,395
Automobiles and trucks	483,993	594,057	516,988	606,613	1,000,981	1,200,670
Furniture and fixtures	159,086	159,086	113,352	113,352	272,438	272,438
Total at historical cost	19,000,490	19,107,434	49,899,521	49,001,476	68,900,011	68,108,910
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,139,612)	(8,878,341)	(22,861,999)	(21,639,393)	(32,001,611)	(30,517,734)
Capital assets, net	\$ 9,860,878	\$ 10,229,093	\$ 27,037,522	\$ 27,362,083	\$ 36,898,400	\$ 37,591,176

Management's Discussion and Analysis For The Year Ended September 30, 2020

Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2020, the Trinity Bay Conservation District had \$7,153,329 of bonded debt outstanding. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

	G	overnment	al Act	ivities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2	2020	2019		2020	2019	2020	2019	
Bonds payable, 2014 Series Bonds payable, 2012 Series Unamortized Bond	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,635,000 4,180,000	\$ 2,710,000 4,795,000	\$ 2,635,000 4,180,000	\$ 2,710,000 4,795,000	
Premium					338,329	384,986	338,329	384,986	
Total bonded debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,153,329	\$ 7,889,986	\$ 7,153,329	\$ 7,889,986	

Total long-term debt at September 30, 2020 decreased \$736,657 from the prior year. The reduction was due to scheduled payments of bond principal and the amortization of the bond premium. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, interest expense was \$ 222,528.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

General fund revenues are budgeted at \$3.8 million. Property tax revenues for 2021 for the general fund are budgeted at \$3.4 million, which is a decrease of \$56,557 as compared September 30, 2020 reported income.

Expenditures for the general fund are budgeted at \$3.8 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, as compared to actual expenditures of \$3.8 million for the fiscal year just ended.

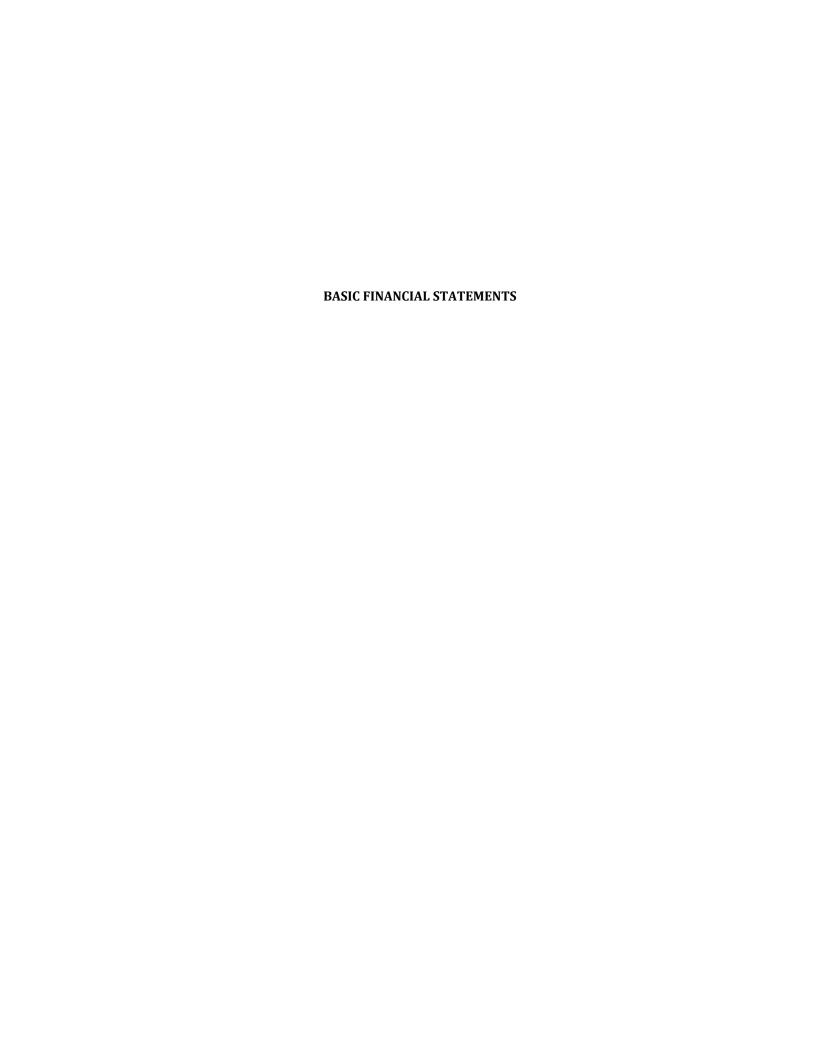
In addition, the fund budgets to utilize \$96,260 of capital reserves.

Water and wastewater revenue are budgeted at \$5.3 million, which is an increase of \$67,457 from actual revenue of for the fiscal year just ended.

Budgeted expenses for the water and wastewater fund, prior to depreciation and debt service are \$4.4 million for operations and \$961,000 for debt service. Actual expenses for the year ended September 30, 2020, prior to capitalization of fixed assets, was \$4.9 million for operations and projects, and \$837,528 related to debt service.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Trinity Bay Conservation District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Financial Department.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Primary Government					
	Go	vernmental		Type		
SSETS		Activities		Activities		Total
SSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,688,941	\$	1,037,823	\$	3,726,764
Taxes Receivable, Net		311,888		-		311,888
Accounts Receivable, Net		-		566,066		566,066
Due from Other Governments		337,555		79,192		416,747
Due from Other Funds		(44,372)		44,372		-
Other Receivables		14,787		15,037		29,824
Inventories		-		140,411		140,411
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Noncurrent		-		1,938,866		1,938,866
Capital Assets:						
Land Purchase and Improvements		-		1,107,127		1,107,127
Easements, Net		681,333		-		681,333
Buildings, Net		-		3,381,897		3,381,897
Infrastructure, Net		8,594,310		20,413,501		29,007,811
Machinery and Equipment, Net		289,611		327,170		616,781
Capital Lease Assets, Net		295,624		-		295,624
Construction in Progress		_		1,807,827		1,807,827
Total Assets		13,169,677		30,859,289		44,028,966
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan		239,043		239,042		478,085
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		239,043		239,042		478,085
Total Beleffed Outflows of Resources		237,013		237,012		170,003
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		92,134		299,179		391,313
Wages and Salaries Payable		50,054		47,490		97,544
Compensated Absences Payable		57,644		30,090		87,734
Customer Deposits		-		784,827		784,827
Intergovernmental Payable		-		15,896		15,896
Accrued Interest Payable		-		30,743		30,743
Capital Leases Payable - Current		134,793		-		134,793
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Debt Due Within One Year		-		761,657		761,657
Debt Due in More Than One Year		34,729		6,391,672		6,426,401
Net Pension Liability		601,505		601,505		1,203,010
Compensated Absences - Long-Term		29,369		80,124		109,493
Total Liabilities		1,000,228		9,043,183		10,043,411
DECEDBED INELOWIS OF DESCRIBES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		124,719		124710		249,438
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				124,719		
Total Deferred Hillows Of Resources		124,719		124,719		249,438
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,691,354		19,853,450		29,544,804
Restricted for Debt Service		-		1,153,039		1,153,039
Unrestricted		2,592,419		923,940		3,516,359
Total Net Position	\$	12,283,773	\$	21,930,429	\$	34,214,202

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIESFOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		arges for ervices	
Primary Government			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			
General Administration	\$	822,821	\$ -
Drainage		3,062,289	-
Interest on Debt		4,884	-
Total Governmental Activities		3,889,994	 -
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:			
Water and Wastewater		5,913,346	4,708,378
Total Business-Type Activities		5,913,346	4,708,378
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	9,803,340	\$ 4,708,378

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Program Revenues

Other Taxes

Penalty and Interest on Taxes

Grants and Project Revenue

Gain (loss) from Disposal of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	I	Primary Governme	nt		
Go	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities To				
\$	(822,821) (3,062,289) (4,884) (3,889,994)	\$ - - -	\$	(822,821) (3,062,289) (4,884) (3,889,994)	
	(3,889,994)	(1,204,968) (1,204,968) (1,204,968)		(1,204,968) (1,204,968) (5,094,962)	
	3,464,108 11,896 70,122 438,414	- - - 910,610		3,464,108 11,896 70,122 1,349,024	
	46,771 14,157 6,083 4,051,551	10,628 - 10,405 931,643		57,399 14,157 16,488 4,983,194	
\$	161,557 11,590,775 531,441 12,283,773	(273,325) 22,735,195 (531,441) \$ 21,930,429		(111,768) 34,325,970 - 34,214,202	



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Capital	Total		
	General]	Projects	Go	vernmental	
	Fund		Fund	Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,570,459	\$	118,482	\$	2,688,941	
Taxes Receivable	445,554		-		445,554	
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	(133,666)		-		(133,666)	
Due from Other Governments	247,260		90,295		337,555	
Due from Other Funds	208,777		-		208,777	
Other Receivables	 14,787		-		14,787	
Total Assets	 3,353,171		208,777		3,561,948	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	92,134		-		92,134	
Wages and Salaries Payable	50,054		-		50,054	
Due to Other Funds	 44,372		208,777		253,149	
Total Liabilities	186,560		208,777		395,337	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	 293,401		-		293,401	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 293,401		-		293,401	
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned Fund Balance	 2,873,210		<u>-</u>		2,873,210	
Total Fund Balances	2,873,210		-		2,873,210	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 3,353,171	\$	208,777	\$	3,561,948	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,873,210
Property tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	293,401
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	9,860,878
Long-term liabilities, including capital lease liabilities and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(256,535)
Net pension assets (obligations are not available to pay for current expenditures, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(487,181)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 12,283,773

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes	\$ 3,444,057	\$	-	\$	3,444,057
Other Taxes	11,896		-		11,896
Penalty and Interest on Taxes	70,122		-		70,122
Intergovernmental Revenue	356,590		-		356,590
Intergovernmental Grants	81,823		-		81,823
Investment Earnings	6,083		-		6,083
Other Revenue	 60,928				60,928
Total Revenues	 4,031,499				4,031,499
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Administration:					
Personnel Costs	313,961		-		313,961
Professional Fees	60,736		-		60,736
Contract and Outside Services	131,317		-		131,317
Repairs and Maintenance	10,394		-		10,394
Utilities	24,953		-		24,953
Sundry	11,010		-		11,010
Supplies	251,689		-		251,689
Drainage:					
Personnel Costs	1,835,302		-		1,835,302
Pension Plan Contributions	241,931		-		241,931
Professional Fees	10,507		-		10,507
Contract and Outside Services	82,481		-		82,481
Repairs and Maintenance	238,341		-		238,341
Capital Expenditures	372,457		-		372,457
Debt Service:					
Principal on Debt	225,954		-		225,954
Interest on Debt	 4,884				4,884
Total Expenditures	 3,815,917		-		3,815,917
Net Change in Fund Balances	215,582		_		215,582
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	2,657,628				2,657,628
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 2,873,210	\$	-	\$	2,873,210

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 215,582
Property tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	20,051
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.	374,680
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(742,897)
The repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of the governmental funds; however, it has no impact on the net position of the government-wide activities.	225,954
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These include changes in net pension asset, and compensated absences.	68,187
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 161,557

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities	
	7	Water and
	V	Vastewater
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,037,823
Accounts Receivable, Net		566,066
Due from Other Governments		79,192
Due from Other Funds		44,372
Other Receivables		15,037
Inventories		140,411
Total Current Assets		1,882,901
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Noncurrent		1,938,866
Capital Assets:		
Land Purchase and Improvements		1,107,127
Buildings and Improvements		3,776,265
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings and Improvements		(394,368)
Infrastructure		41,405,059
Accumulated Depreciation - Infrastructure		(20,991,558)
Machinery and Equipment		1,803,243
Accumulated Depreciation - Machinery and Equipment		(1,476,073)
Construction in Progress		1,807,827
Total Noncurrent Assets		28,976,388
Total Assets		30,859,289
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan		239,042
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		239,042

	Business-Type Activities	
	Water and Wastewater	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 299,179	
Wages and Salaries Payable	47,490	
Compensated Absences Payable	30,090	
Customer Deposits	784,827	
Intergovernmental Payable	15,896	
Accrued Interest Payable	30,743	
Bonds Payable - Current	761,657	
Total Current Liabilities	1,969,882	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable - Noncurrent	6,100,000	
Unamortized Premiums (Discounts) on Bonds	291,672	
Compensated Absences - Long-Term	80,124	
Net Pension Liability	601,505	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,073,301	
Total Liabilities	9,043,183	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	124,719_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	124,719	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,853,450	
Restricted for Debt Service	1,153,039	
Unrestricted	923,940	
Total Net Position	\$ 21,930,429	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities
	Water and Wastewater
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for Services	\$ 4,708,378
Other Revenue	531,662
Total Operating Revenues	5,240,040
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Operating Expenses	
Personnel Costs	2,136,957
Professional Fees and Outside Services	603,764
Repairs and Maintenance	297,350
Other Operating Costs	290,500
Supplies	861,452
	4,190,023
Depreciation	1,312,231
Total Operating Expenses	5,502,254
Operating Income (Loss)	(262,214)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Investment Earnings	10,405
Gain (loss) from Disposal of Capital Assets	10,628
Project Revenue	378,948
Interest Expense	(222,528)
Project Expenses	(188,564)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(11,111)
Change in Net Position	(273,325)
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	22,735,195
Prior Period Adjustment	(531,441)
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 21,930,429

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities
	Water and Wastewater
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 4,645,450
Cash Received from Assessments - Others	807,019
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(2,172,005)
Cash Payments for Suppliers	(1,943,199)
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	1,337,265
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Net Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	10,628
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(987,670)
Interest Paid on Debt	(238,193)
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	(690,000)
Retirement of Capital Leases	(5,627)
Customer Security Deposit	62,853
Project Receipts	378,948
Project Expenses	(222,528)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,691,589)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest Received on Investments	10,405
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(343,919)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	3,320,608
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	\$ 2,976,689

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities	
	Water and Wastewater	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(262,214)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	•	(- , ,
To Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		1,312,231
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		1,512,251
Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		212,429
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(27,457)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		136,764
Increase (Decrease) in Wages Payable		10,467
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(1,256)
Increase (Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payable		560
Increase (Decrease) in Pension Accounts		(44,259)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,337,265
Reconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,037,823
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,938,866
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,976,689



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The measure for including organizations as component units of the District was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The basic, but not the only, criteria for inclusion is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Board of Directors. Examples of oversight responsibility include financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, no potential component unit has been excluded from these statements. There are no component units included in the District's reporting entity.

Reporting entity

Trinity Bay Conservation District (the District) was organized in 1949, under the provision of Section 59, Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The District is located within Chambers and Jefferson Counties. The District operates under a Board of Directors comprised of five members elected by the citizens residing within the District. It is the Board of Directors' responsibility to appoint a general manager who is the chief administrator and executive officer of the District.

The District's major operations include maintenance of drainage facilities within the District. Additionally, the District operates an enterprise fund for the provision of water and wastewater services. The District operates under Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code.

The following is a summary of the District's more significant accounting policies:

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources or economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed through user charges.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on the major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types

All governmental funds are reported using *modified accrual basis of accounting* and *the current financial resources measurement focus*. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days of the current fiscal period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property taxes are recorded and deferred until they become available. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The District has the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for resources and functions traditionally associated with governments that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following other governmental fund:

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for all major capital expenditures not financed by the proprietary or trust funds. The District has a capital project fund for drainage construction projects funded primarily by capital grants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Proprietary Fund Types

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the *accrual basis of accounting* and the *economic resources measurement focus*. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating expenses of the District's proprietary fund include the personnel costs, costs of operating the systems, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District's fund included in this category is the Water and Wastewater Fund. The Water and Wastewater Fund is used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Board is that the cost of providing certain goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges for those services.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to September 30, of each year, the District adopts a budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, of that year. The budget, which includes anticipated revenues and expenditures, is adopted for the Governmental Fund Types and all Proprietary Funds. The budget is amended by the District as needed throughout the year.

Interfund Transactions and Balances

Interfund transactions intended to reflect the transfer of resources between funds are reflected as transfers. Certain transactions representing short-term liabilities between funds are recorded as receivables and payables in the respective funds at the time the transactions are reported on the fund basis statements.

Cash and Time Deposits

Cash in excess of current operating requirements is invested in time deposits in order to earn a higher rate of interest. The District generally does not invest in any other securities. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash deposits and certificates of deposit are reported at their carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from water and wastewater services are presented net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$432,254 at September 30, 2020. The increase in the allowance of \$12,512 has been netted against charges for service revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Restricted Assets

The Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund, based on certain bond covenants, is required to establish and maintain resources (cash and temporary investments) that can be used to service outstanding debt. Additionally, funds collected for construction and meter deposits are segregated and restricted for future disposition.

Inventory

Inventories of materials and supplies are maintained for the drainage operations of the general fund and for the proprietary funds. The inventory in each fund is recorded at cost (first-in, first-out basis), which is lower than market.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Infrastructure such as drainage systems are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$2,000.

Major outlays for capital asset construction and improvements are capitalized as construction-inprogress as projects are constructed. Upon completion, the projects are transferred to depreciable assets.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method and depreciation expense for governmental assets is specifically identified by function with general assets being allocated based on a percentage of governmental functional expenditures over total governmental expenditures. Depreciation expense for the proprietary funds is recorded in each respective proprietary fund. The following estimated useful lives are used for calculating depreciation expense:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	15 - 40
Building & Improvements	15 – 40
Systems	15 – 40
Vehicles	5 – 7
Machinery & Equipment	5 – 10
Office Equipment	3 – 5

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an addition to net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54-Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions establishes fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the use of the resources reported in each governmental fund as well as establishes additional note disclosures regarding fund balance classification policies and procedures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board of Directors through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board of Directors. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in any other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

For the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

*Unrestricted net position*_– This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Subsequent Events

In accordance with ASC 855, the management of Trinity Bay Conservation District has evaluated subsequent events through February 17, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.

2) <u>COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance- related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below:

None reported.

<u>Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds</u>

No funds reported a deficit fund balance or deficit fund net assets at year-end.

3) CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest- bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$5,665,631 and the bank balance was \$5,754,943. The District's cash deposits at September 30, 2020, and during the year ended September 30, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

3) <u>CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments that are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and commercial paper.

District's investments at September 30, 2020 consisted solely of certificate of deposits in the amount of \$4,419,918. Cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

	Cash		Investments		Total	
Governmental activities - unrestricted	\$	657,501	\$	2,031,440	\$	2,688,941
Business-type Activities - unrestricted		580,410		457,414		1,037,824
Business-type Activities - restricted						
Interest and Sinking Fund		4,593		163,937		168,530
Bond Reserve Fund		3,209		982,300		985,509
Customer Meter Deposits		-		784,827		784,827
	\$	1,245,713	\$	4,419,918	\$	5,665,631

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year-end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2020, the District's investments were covered by collateral with a fair value equal to the investment. At year-end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk. At September 30, 2020, all certificates of deposit held were fully insured by the FDIC, or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

3) **CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Custodial Credit Risk: Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year-end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year-end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

4) **PROPERTY TAXES**

Taxable property within the District is subject to assessment, levy and collection of ad valorem taxes necessary to support the general governmental services. The Act under which the District was created provided for the levy of an operations and maintenance tax of \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value. This rate was subsequently amended on May 2, 1957, to \$.50 per \$100 of assessed value. The tax rate for debt service is unlimited. The total tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was \$0.4087 per \$100 assessed valuation based on the total net assessed value of \$860,177,142.

Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year, and are payable without penalty or interest through the following January 31. The District recognizes property tax revenue when levied to the extent that it results in current receivables. Property taxes are collected and remitted to the District by the Chambers County and Jefferson County Tax Assessor Collectors' offices.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. However, as the District no longer has debt to service with tax collections, all delinquent taxes collected are now allocated to maintenance. Allowances for uncollectible taxes receivable of \$133,666 at September 30, 2020, are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

5) **DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

As of September 30, 2020, amounts due from other governments consisted of the following:

	Amount		Purpose
Governmental Activities:			
Due from FEMA	\$	90,295	Disaster Recovery - Construction
Due from Chambers County		11,070	Tax Collection Proceeds
Due from Jefferson County		1,495	Tax Collection Proceeds
Due from Chambers County		234,695	Contract Services - GLO Grant
Total governmental activities		337,555	
Business-type Activities: Due from Chambers County		79,192	Contract Services - GLO Grant
·		<u> </u>	
Total - all funds	\$	416,747	

6) <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS</u>

Interfund receivables/payables are scheduled to be repaid within one year and consisted of the following:

General Fund	Receivable		F	Payable	
Capital Projects	\$	\$ 208,777		-	
Water and Wastewater				44,372	
		208,777		44,372	
Capital Projects					
General Fund		-		208,777	
Water and Wastewater General Fund		44,372		_	
delici di i dila		11,572			
Total	\$	253,149	\$	253,149	

The outstanding balances between funds generally result from a time lag between the dates (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

There were no transfers between funds during the year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

7) **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2020, is described in the table below:

Governmental Activities	Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Transfers and Retirements	Balance September 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated		ф.		
Easements	\$ 681,333	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 681,333
Construction in progress	45,036	136,682	(181,718)	
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	726,369	136,682	(181,718)	681,333
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	159,086	-	-	159,086
Vehicles	594,057	-	(110,064)	483,993
Machinery and equipment	3,538,870	-	404,835	3,943,705
Assets held under capital lease	1,414,412	=	(776,397)	638,015
Infrastructure - Drainage	12,674,640	238,000	181,718	13,094,358
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	18,381,065	238,000	(299,908)	18,319,157
Less accumulated depreciation				
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	(125,233)	(20,009)	-	(145,242)
Vehicles	(462,103)	(42,943)	110,064	(394,982)
Machinery and equipment	(3,257,550)	(94,564)	(404,835)	(3,756,949)
Assets held under capital lease	(907,648)	(211,140)	776,397	(342,391)
Infrastructure - Drainage	(4,125,807)	(374,241)		(4,500,048)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,878,341)	(742,897)	481,626	(9,139,612)
Total capital assets, being depreciation, net	9,502,724	(504,897)	181,718	9,179,545
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,229,093	\$ (368,215)	\$ -	\$ 9,860,878

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the District as follows:

General Administration	\$ 20,009
Drainage	722,888
Total	\$ 742,897

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

7) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2020, is described in the table below:

Business-type Activities	Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Transfers and Retirements	Balance September 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,107,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,107,127
Construction in progress	1,839,313	574,443	(605,929)	1,807,827
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	2,946,440	574,443	(605,929)	2,914,954
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	3,776,265	-	-	3,776,265
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	113,352	-	-	113,352
Vehicles	606,613	-	(89,625)	516,988
Machinery and equipment	961,525	44,235	167,143	1,172,903
Assets held under capital lease	167,143	-	(167,143)	-
Infrastructure - Water and Wastewater	40,430,138	368,992	605,929	41,405,059
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	46,055,036	413,227	516,304	46,984,567
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(300,416)	(93,952)	_	(394,368)
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	(66,225)	(7,011)	_	(73,236)
Vehicles	(472,060)	(52,942)	89,625	(435,377)
Machinery and equipment	(734,720)	(76,952)	(155,788)	(967,460)
Assets held under capital lease	(146,704)	(9,084)	155,788	(707,100)
Infrastructure - Water and Wastewater	(19,919,268)	(1,072,290)	-	(20,991,558)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,639,393)	(1,312,231)	89,625	(22,861,999)
Total capital assets, being depreciation, net	24,415,643	(899,004)	605,929	24,122,568
Capital assets, net	\$ 27,362,083	\$ (324,561)	\$ -	\$ 27,037,522
Total depreciation expense			\$ 1,312,231	

Construction in progress consisted primarily of water and sewer extensions and lift station rehabilitations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

8) **DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

The District's obligations to other governments as of September 30, 2020, consisted of TCEQ fees in the amount of \$15.896.

9) *LONG-TERM DEBT*

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Revenue refunding bonds,					
Series 2012	\$ 4,795,000	\$ -	\$ (615,000)	\$ 4,180,000	\$ 640,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2014	2,710,000	-	(75,000)	2,635,000	75,000
Bond premiums	384,986		(46,657)	338,329	46,657
Total bonded debt	\$ 7,889,986	\$ -	\$ (736,657)	\$ 7,153,329	\$ 761,657

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

During fiscal year 2012, the District issued Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2012, with a face value of \$9,220,000, for the purpose of refunding all of the District's then outstanding bonds (Series 1998A, Series 1998B and Series 2002). The interest rates on the Series 2012 Bonds range from 2.0% to 3.5%. The bonds are secured and payable by a lien on the net revenues from the operations of the District's waterworks and sanitary sewer system, as defined in the bond order. The District is required to deposit monthly into an interest and sinking fund, an amount as will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the next payment date.

Additionally, the District is required to maintain a reserve fund equal to the largest year of future debt service. The reserve was fully funded at the time of issuance of the bonds. The reserve is to be used to pay the principal and interest on the bonds at any time when there is not sufficient money available in the interest and sinking fund for such purpose. If the reserve is reduced below the stated funding level, monthly deposits are to be made until the reserve fund has been restored.

There are a number of limitations, restrictions, and provisions contained in the bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations, restrictions, and provisions.

Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

During fiscal year 2015, the District issued Revenue bonds, Series 2014, with a face value of \$2,910,000, for the purpose of constructing the District's office facilities. The interest rates on the Series 2014 Bonds range from 3.0% to 4.0%. The bonds are secured and payable by a lien on the net revenues from the operations of the District's waterworks and sanitary sewer system, as defined in the bond order. The District is required to deposit monthly into an interest and sinking fund, an amount as will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the next payment date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

9) LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the District is required to maintain a reserve fund equal to the largest year of total future debt service with consideration of the 2012 Bonds reserve funds. The reserve was fully funded at the time of issuance of the bonds. The reserve is to be used to pay the principal and interest on the bonds at any time when there is not sufficient money available in the interest and sinking fund for such purpose. If the reserve is reduced below the stated funding level, monthly deposits are to be made until the reserve fund has been restored.

There are a number of limitations, restrictions, and provisions contained in the bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations, restrictions, and provisions.

The following is a schedule of annual requirements necessary to amortize all bonded indebtedness outstanding of the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund as of September 30, 2020, including total principal of \$6,815,000 and total interest of \$1,471,426.

Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30,	 Total Principal Due		Total Interest Due		Total Principal ad Interest
2021	\$ 715,000	\$	245,950	\$	960,950
2022	760,000		221,300		981,300
2023	785,000		195,200		980,200
2024	795,000		168,226		963,226
2025	830,000		140,850		970,850
2026-2030	1,820,000		386,500		2,206,500
2031-2034	 1,110,000		113,400		1,223,400
	_	'	_		_
	\$ 6,815,000	\$	1,471,426	\$	8,286,426

The amount available in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund debt service accounts as of September 30, 2020, is \$1,154,039 to service the above bonded indebtedness. This consists of \$168,530 in interest and sinking funds and \$985,509 in reserve funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10) CHANGES IN OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended September 30, 2020, in addition to the bonded indebtedness noted in footnote 9 and pension benefits noted in footnote 12, the District had the following Changes in Other Long-Term Liabilities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Capital leases Compensated absences Total long-term liabilities	\$ 395,476 110,937 \$ 506,413	\$ - 33,720 \$ 33,720	\$ (225,954) (57,644) \$ (283,598)	\$ 169,522 87,013 \$ 256,535	\$ 134,793 57,644 \$ 192,437
Business-type activities:					
Capital leases Compensated absences	\$ 5,627 111,470	\$ - 28,834	\$ (5,627) (30,090)	\$ - 110,214	\$ - 30,090
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 117,097	\$ 28,834	\$ (35,717)	\$ 110,214	\$ 30,090

Capital Leases

In prior years, the District entered into leases for machinery and equipment which meet the criteria for capitalization. The leases include a governmental clause whereby the leases may be terminated at the end of (or with appropriate notice during) budget periods if such funding is not budgeted and District funds are not appropriated. However, the District considers the leases to be capital leases and have accounted for them as such in the financial statements.

Capital assets held under capital leases at September 30, 2020, amounted to \$638,015 and are included in capital assets. The related present values of the remaining obligations under the capital leases of \$169,522 are included in long-term liabilities (\$169,522 in governmental-type activities and \$-0\$- in business-type activities.)

The future minimum obligations under capital leases at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

Due During Fiscal					
Years Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 134,793	\$ 3,459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138,252
2022	34,729	186_		<u> </u>	34,915
	\$ 169,522	\$ 3,645	\$ -	\$	\$ 173,167

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

10) CHANGES IN OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences Payable

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on the length of their employment. Sick leave does not vest or accumulate and is recorded as an expenditure when paid. No employee will be paid for unused sick leave upon separation of employment, unless specified by contract. Vacation time may be carried from one year to the next year. Employees will be paid for unused vacation time up to one and one-half times their annual vacation days upon separation of employment. Unused accrued vacation in excess of these days will not be reimbursed. The liability for accumulated vacation benefits of \$197,227 is reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

11) OTHER REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure, as part of the basic financial statements, of certain information:

- A) No General fund expenditures exceeded the budget during the current fiscal year.
- B) Enterprise fund expenses exceed the budgeted amounts by: Professional Fees \$11,955, Utilities \$28,672, and Capital Improvement Projects \$89,079.

12) PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Trinity Bay Conservation District provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all of its full-time and part-time non-temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of separate nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 or at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits provided

The Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-finance benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefit amounts are determined by sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of those monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	18
Active employees	44
	82

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 15.44% for the months of the accounting year in 2019 and 15.44% for the months of the accounting year in 2020. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar years 2019 and 2020 is the rate of 7.00%, as adopted by the governing body of the employer.

Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ended September 30, 2020, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$460,162 and the actual contribution was \$460,162.

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2019 included (a) 8.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.9 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

	D	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2019	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	10,119,045 8,152,489	\$	11,022,610 9,819,600	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$	1,966,556	\$	1,203,010	
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		80.57%		89.09%	
Pensionable covered payroll ⁽¹⁾	\$	2,454,618	\$	2,902,886	
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		80.12%		41.44%	

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below.

Discount Rate

	December 31,	December 31,
	2018	2019
Discount rate (2)	8.10%	8.10%
Long-term expected rate of return,		
net of investment expenses ⁽²⁾	8.10%	8.10%
Municipal bond rate ⁽³⁾	Does not apply	Does not apply

⁽²⁾ The rate reflects the long-term rate of return funding valuation assumption of 8.00%, plus 0.10% adjustment to be gross of administrative expenses as required by GASB 68.

⁽³⁾ The plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active, inactive, and retired members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond rate does not apply.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) <u>PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

	Beginning Date	Ending Date
Valuation date	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019
Measurement date	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019
Reporting date	October 1, 2019	September 30, 2020

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as

of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions

are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal⁽¹⁾

Amortization Method

Recognition of economic/

domographic gains or losses Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Recognition of assumptions

changes or inputs Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing period 5 years

Recognition method Non-asymptotic

Corridor None

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 8.10%

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Trinity Bay Conservation District are not considered

to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for

future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Retirement Age 60 and above

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar

entry ages. The rates vary by length of service, entry-age group (age at hire) and

gender. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the

RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110%

of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

⁽¹⁾ Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for Funding Valuation

Economic Assumptions

TCDRS system-wide economic assumptions:

Real rate of return	5.25%
Inflation	2.75%
Long-term investment return	8.00%

The assumed long-term investment return of 8.0% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 8.0% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Employer-specific economic assumptions:

Growth in membership 0.00% Payroll growth for funding calculations 1.50%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater, LLC. The numbers shown are based on April 2020 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

			Geometric
			Real
		Target	Rate of
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation (1)	Return (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.20%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity	20.00%	8.20%
	& Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾		
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.50%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) index	7.00%	5.20%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment - Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.20%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	3.14%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.16%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Assoc. Distressed Securities Index (4)	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33%	3.00%	4.50%
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index		
Master Limited Partnership (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	8.40%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	5.50%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of	8.00%	2.30%
	Funds Composite Index		

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the June 2020 TCDRS Board Meeting.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1) calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.80%, per Cliffwater's 2020 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes.

Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)		n Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension ability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2018 Changes for the year:	\$	10,119,045	\$	8,152,489	\$ 1,966,556
Service Cost		318,356		_	318,356
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		832,415		_	832,415
Effect of plan changes ⁽²⁾		-		_	-
Effect of economic/demographic					
gains or losses		80,530		-	80,530
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-	-
Refund of contributions		(3,590)		(3,590)	-
Benefit payments		(324,146)		(324,146)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(7,483)	7,483
Member contributions		-		203,202	(203,202)
Net Investment income		=		1,338,472	(1,338,472)
Employer contributions		=		448,206	(448,206)
Other ⁽³⁾				12,450	 (12,450)
Balances as of December 31, 2019	\$	11,022,610	\$	9,819,600	\$ 1,203,010

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Trinity Bay Conservation District net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent point lower (7.10%) or 1 percent higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Total pension liability	\$ 12,484,860	\$ 11,022,610	\$ 9,791,746
Fiduciary net position	9,819,600	9,819,600	9,819,600
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ 2,665,260	\$ 1,203,010	\$ (27,854)

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense / (Income)

	January 1, 2019 to	
	December 31, 2019	
		0400=6
Service cost	\$	318,356
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		832,415
Effect on plan changes		-
Administrative expenses		7,483
Member contributions		(203,202)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses		(673,402)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources		
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses		15,953
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs		10,933
Recognition of investment gains or losses		75,558
Other ⁽²⁾		(12,450)
Pension expense / (income)	\$	371,644

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows as of December 31, 2019:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 39,435	\$ 126,471
Changes of assumption	-	24,737
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	210,003	-
• ,	249,438	151,208
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	n/a	326,877
•	<u> </u>	
	\$ 249,438	\$ 478,085

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2020	\$ (21,079)
2021	(35,391)
2022	55,980
2023	(111,160)
2024	13,420
Thereafter	-

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

12) <u>PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Allocation of Pension Amounts to Funds or Departments

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 does not establish specific requirements for allocation of the net pension liability or other pension-related amounts to individual funds or departments.

GASB Implementation Guide 2015-1 question 5.129.1 states: For proprietary and fiduciary funds, consideration should be given to NCGA Statement 1, *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles*, paragraph 42, as amended, which requires that long-term liabilities that are directly related to and expected to be paid from those funds be reported in the statement of net position.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, management has elected to allocate the accounting and reporting of pension-related activity between the General Fund and the Proprietary Fund. This resulted in a prior period adjustment between both funds during the current year. See Note 15.

13) **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District is a party to various claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of operations. In the opinion of management, all such matters are adequately covered by insurance or if not so covered, are without merit, or involve such amounts that unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the operation of the District.

14) TAX ABATEMENTS

The Trinity Bay Conservation District is committed to an expansion of its tax base, an increase to its population, the promotion of development in the District, and to an ongoing improvement in the quality of life for its residents. The District offers tax abatements for new and existing industries that bring new wealth within the boundaries of the District. Property eligible for tax abatement per the guidelines and criteria is defined as: property utilized by new and existing industries expected to result in an addition to the tax base of at least \$500,000 after the period of abatement expires. As provided in the Act, abatement may only be granted for the value of eligible property subsequent to and listed in an abatement agreement between the District and the property owner where the District has, by official action, expressed an intent to be bound by the terms of the agreement in accordance with Section 312.206(a) of the Texas Property Code.

Upon determination that all requirements for tax abatement have been satisfied by the applicant, the value and terms of the abatements will be for a period of eight (5) years in accordance with the Value and Term Abatement established in resolution no. 16-11 of the Board of Directors of the District. Abatement shall be granted effective with the January 1 valuation date immediately following the date of approval of the abatement agreement and completion of construction of the property.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the District abated property valued at \$765,033, which resulted in abated property taxes totaling \$3,127. All abatement agreements were in relation to commercial property and there was one agreement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

15) **PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS**

During the year ended September 30, 2020, management determined that the presentation of pension-related activity between the governmental and business-type funds required adjustment. Prior period adjustments were made to both the Governmental Funds (at the government-wide level) and the Proprietary Fund. When combined, prior period adjustments on the government-wide financial statements have no impact on the District's Net Position.

	As Previously Reported			As Adjusted				
			Bus	iness-			F	Business-
	Governmental Activities 9/30/2019		Acti	ype vities /2019	A	ernmental ctivities 30/2019	_	Type Activities /30/2019
		/30/2019	9/30	/2019		30/2019		30/2019
Deferred Outflows	\$	960,189	\$	-	\$	480,095	\$	480,094
Deferred Inflows		(56,515)		-		(28,258)		(28,257)
Pension Liability		(1,966,556)				(983,278)		(983,278)
	\$	(1,062,882)	\$		\$	(531,441)	\$	(531,441)
Change (Prior Period Ad	justn	nent)			\$	531,441	\$	(531,441)

16) <u>RECLASSIFICATION OF PRIOR PERIOD PRESENTATION</u>

Certain prior period balances have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation.

17) *GRANTS*

The District is party to interlocal agreements with Chambers County for purposes of constructing water facilities and improvements to current drainage systems. Mayhaw Bayou Improvements, Smith Point Water Line, and Highway 61 Sanitary Sewer projects were in progress during the fiscal year. The County is a recipient of grant funds from the General Land Office (GLO), and grant funds from the Texas Department of Rural Affairs (TDRA). In consideration of the construction by the District, the County agrees to compensate the District for the costs of labor and equipment incurred by the District in connection with the projects. Rates of reimbursement are outlined in the interlocal agreements.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 revenue received from Chambers County totaled \$632,299 and is reported as Grant and Project Revenue on the Statement of Activities. Costs incurred by the District primarily consists of payroll, and fuel expenses. Expenses relating to materials are not significant in relation to the overall costs of the projects. Project costs are reported as operating expenses in the Water and Sewer Fund and expenditures in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

18) NEPOTISM

Nepotism laws provide guidance and limitations on governmental entities' authority to hire certain close relatives of public officials. Anti-nepotism laws prohibit a governmental entity from hiring certain close relatives of a public official. The nepotism laws are contained in chapter 573 of the Government Code. The nepotism statutes prohibit a public official from appointing, confirming the appointment of, or voting for the appointment or confirmation of the appointment of a close relative to a paid public position. A close relative under nepotism laws is someone who is related to the official within a prohibited degree by consanguinity (relationship by blood) or a prohibited degree by affinity (relationship by marriage).

An employee of a local entity may continue employment if the employee has been continuously employed for a sufficient time period immediately prior to the appointment or election of the close relative. If the employee's close relative was appointed to the governing body, the employee must have been continuously employed by the local entity for at least 30 days prior to the appointment in order to retain his or her job.

The District employs two individuals that would meet the definition of a close relative to a current member of the board. Concern was raised regarding whether potential nepotism issues exist. The board has engaged an outside attorney to provide guidance and interpretation of the State nepotism laws, and to determine if the relationships would be considered permitted due to continuous employment. The board may elect to petition the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Texas to issue an opinion regarding the relationships in question. At the time of the issuance of this report, the outside attorney had not yet presented their findings to the board.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2017
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains)or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	\$ 318,356 832,415 - - 80,530 (327,736)	\$ 300,678 767,222 - - 50,582 (334,751)	\$ 282,338 705,447 - 17,221 43,379 (274,569)
Net change in total pension liability	903,565	783,731	773,816
Total pension liability, beginning	10,119,045	9,335,314	8,561,498
Total pension liability, ending (a)	11,022,610	10,119,045	9,335,314
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	448,206 203,202 1,338,472 (327,736) (7,483) 12,450	378,993 171,823 (148,188) (334,751) (6,548) 7,250	361,041 163,685 1,001,585 (274,569) (5,376) 3,301
Net change in fiduciary net position	1,667,111	68,579	1,249,667
Fiduciary net position, beginning	8,152,489	8,083,910	6,834,243
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	9,819,600	8,152,489	8,083,910
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ 1,203,010	\$ 1,966,556	\$ 1,251,404
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	89.09%	80.57%	86.59%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 2,902,886	\$ 2,454,618	\$ 2,338,352
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	41.44%	80.12%	53.52%

Year Ended December 31, 2016	Year Ended December 31, 2015	Year Ended December 31, 2014
\$ 292,558 642,780	\$ 239,916 599,247 (56,493)	\$ 233,778 551,401
(36.913)	56,442	27,659
(253,170)	(236,857)	(213,843)
645,255	519,605	598,995
7,916,243	7,396,638	6,797,643
8,561,498	7,916,243	7,396,638
335,565 152,134	324,450 147,095	305,717 138,602
454,562 (253,170) (4,940) 21,913	(116,686) (236,857) (4,380) (5,416)	366,990 (213,843) (4,419) (9,035)
706,064	108,206	584,012
6,128,179	6,019,973	5,435,961
6,834,243	6,128,179	6,019,973
\$ 1,727,255	\$ 1,788,064	\$ 1,376,665
79.83%	77.41%	81.39%
\$ 2,173,347	\$ 2,101,363	\$ 1,980,030
79.47%	85.09%	69.53%
	December 31, 2016 \$ 292,558 642,780	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2015 \$ 292,558

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

					Actual
	Actuarially	Actual	Contribution	Pensionable	Contribution
Year Ending	Determined	Employer	Deficiency	Covered	as a % of
December 31,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll ⁽¹⁾	Covered Payroll
_				_	
2010	\$ 176,508	\$ 176,508	\$ -	\$ 1,511,201	11.7%
2011	186,939	186,939	-	1,552,646	12.0%
2012	240,991	240,991	-	1,769,391	13.6%
2013	253,091	253,091	-	1,894,396	13.4%
2014	305,717	305,717	-	1,980,030	15.4%
2015	307,219	324,450	(17,231)	2,101,363	15.4%
2016	308,398	335,565	(27,167)	2,173,347	15.4%
2017	328,772	361,041	(32,269)	2,338,352	15.4%
2018	361,811	378,993	(17,182)	2,454,618	15.4%
2019	410,178	448,206	(38,028)	2,902,886	15.4%
			-		

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contribution as reported to TCDRS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	A 0 55 C 000	.		d (50.040)
General property taxes	\$ 3,576,300	\$ 3,504,000	\$ 3,444,057	\$ (59,943)
Other tax revenue	10,000	14,082	11,896	(2,186)
Penalties and interest	75,000	68,445	70,122	1,677
Intergovernmental revenue	300,000	490,000	356,590	(133,410)
Intergovernmental grants	-	-	81,823	81,823
Investment earnings	9,000	6,226	6,083	(143)
Other revenue	12,700	47,784	60,928	13,144
Total revenues	3,983,000	4,130,537	4,031,499	(99,038)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel costs	2,376,800	2,466,548	2,391,194	75,354
Supplies	274,000	263,300	251,689	11,611
Repairs and maintenance	234,500	261,100	248,735	12,365
Professional fees	56,000	71,500	71,243	257
Utilities	28,000	25,000	24,953	47
Contract and outside services	568,500	475,000	444,636	30,364
Sundry	20,500	13,500	11,010	2,490
Capital expenditures	716,000	521,000	372,457	148,543
Total expenditures	4,274,300	4,096,948	3,815,917	281,031
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	(362,000)	(87,325)		(87,325)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(653,300)	(53,736)	215,582	269,318
FUND BALANCE, beginning of period	2,657,628	2,657,628	2,657,628	
FUND BALANCE, end of period	\$ 2,004,328	\$ 2,603,892	\$ 2,873,210	\$ 269,318

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Water sales	\$ 1,722,000	\$ 1.675.000	¢ 1672640	\$ (1,352)
Sewer sales	\$ 1,722,000 670,000	, , , - ,	\$ 1,673,648	\$ (1,352) (35,780)
		740,000	704,220	-
Penalty income	24,000	24,000	24,037	37
Tap connection fees	159,000	340,000	324,800	(15,200)
Capital improvement fee	1,977,600	2,000,000	2,005,710	5,710
Materials and engineering	700,000	600,000	232,101	(367,899)
Miscellaneous	4,000	253,014	286,152	33,138
Total operating revenues	5,256,600	5,632,014	5,250,668	(381,346)
EXPENSES				
Personnel	2,021,450	2,416,571	2,136,957	279,614
Supplies	749,000	927,400	861,452	65,948
Repairs & maintenance	58,800	34,600	34,041	559
Maintenance of plants/buildings	81,000	43,260	42,238	1,022
Professional fees	106,000	101,500	113,455	(11,955)
Utilities	215,000	216,860	245,532	(28,672)
Contract and outside services	494,100	514,450	505,770	8,680
Sundry	24,250	31,350	29,506	1,844
Capital improvement projects	1,923,000	860,000	949,079	(89,079)
Total operating expenses	5,672,600	5,145,991	4,918,030	227,961
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) -				
BUDGET BASIS	(416,000)	486,023	332,638	(153,385)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income from investments	4,000	5,200	10,405	5,205
Project revenue	1,000	5,200	378,948	378,948
Project expense			(188,564)	(188,564)
Bond principal payments	(690,000)	(690,000)	(615,000)	75,000
Interest and amortization	(260,000)	(270,000)	(222,528)	47,472
Transfers in (out)	362,000	(270,000)	(222,320)	-17,172
Transfers in (out)	302,000			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(584,000)	(954,800)	(636,739)	318,061
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	\$ (1,000,000)	\$ (468,777)	(304,101)	\$ 164,676
Capitalized expenses Depreciation			728,007 (1,312,231)	
Debt payments applied to principal			615,000	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			\$ (273,325)	



SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1.	. Services provided by the District:										
	X Retail Water Wholesale Water Drainage X Retail Wastewater Irrigation Parks/Recreation Fire Protection Security Solid Waste/Garbage Flood Control Roads Participants in joint venture, regional system and/or wastewater service (other than emergency interconnect) Other										
2.	Retail rates bas	sed on 5/8" me	ter:	Reta	ail rates	not applic	able				
	The most preva	alent type of m	eter (if not a 5/	8"): 5/8°	" is mos	t prevalen	t				
	Rate Per 1,000 Minimum Minimum Flat Rate Gallons Over Charge Usage Y/N Minimum Usage Levels										
	Water	\$ 36.00	0	Y	\$	5.50	0	to	10,000		
						5.80	10,001	to	plus		
	Wastewater	10.00	2,000	Y		2.45	2,001	to	plus		
	Surcharge	N A									
	Does the Distr	rict employ wii	nter averaging f	or wastewate	r usage	Yes		No	X		
	Total water and wastewater charges per 10,000 gallons usage (including surcharges):										
	Water	\$91.00	V	Vastewater	\$	29.60					

Water and wastewater retail connections:

Matay Cina	Total	Active	ESFC	Active
Meter Size	Connections	Connections	Factor	ESFC's
Unmetered			x 1.0	
< 3/4"	5,725	4,358	x 1.0	4,358
1"	255	215	x 2.5	538
1.5"	48	45	x 5.0	225
2"	64	58	x 8.0	464
3"	12	8	x 15.0	120
4"	9	8	x 25.0	200
6"	1	-	x 50.0	=
8"	-	-	x 80.0	=
10"	-	-	x 115.0	-
Total Water	6,114	4,692		5,905
Total Wastewater	5,840	4,715	x 1.0	4,715

SCHEDULE OF SERVICES AND RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

3.	Total water consumption (rounded to the nearest 1,000) during the	fiscal year:		
	Gallons pumped into system:		517,524	<u>-</u>
	Gallons billed to customers:		314,446	<u> </u>
	Water accountability ratio: (Gallons billed/gallons pumped)		61%	6
4.	Standby fees: Does the District assess standby fees?	Yes	No _	X
	Have standby fees been levied in accordance with Water Code Secti lien on a property?	on 49.231 thereb	y constit	uting
	nen on a property.	Yes	No _	X
5.	Location of District: (submitted in prior years).			

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

EXPENDITURES

Personnel (including benefits)	\$ 2,391,194
Professional fees	
Auditing & accounting	17,581
Legal	42,312
Other professional fees	11,350
Total professional fees	71,243
Purchased and contracted services	
Appraisal district	27,659
Tax collectors	7,934
Equipment rental	48,584
Other contracted and outside services	41,661
Total contracted services	125,838
Consumable supplies and materials	
Fuel, chemicals and other	225,417
Repair and maintenance	263,379
Total consumable supplies and materials	488,796
Recurring operating expenses	
Office supplies	11,627
Insurance	87,959
Utilities	24,953
Other administrative expenses	11,012
Total administrative expenses	135,551
Capital outlay	372,457
Debt service	
Principal	225,954
Interest	4,884
Total debt service	230,838
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,815,917

Number of persons employed by the District: 45 full-time 0 part-time

WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND EXPENSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

OPERATING EXPENSES

Personnel (including benefits)	\$ 2,136,957
Professional fees	
Auditing	17,581
Legal	46,542
Engineering	49,185
Other professional fees	149
Total professional fees	113,457
Purchased and contracted services	
Bulk water and wastewater purchases	202,434
Other contracted and outside services	210,819
Total purchased and contracted services	413,253
Consumable supplies and materials	
Fuel, chemicals and other	323,999
Repair and maintenance	297,350
Materials and supplies	527,550
Total consumable supplies and materials	1,148,899
Recurring operating expenses	
Utilities	245,532
Insurance	77,055
Other administrative expenses	54,870
Total administrative expenses	377,457
Depreciation and amortization	1,312,231
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	5,502,254_
Interest synapses and	
Interest expense and fiscal charges	222,528
Project expenses	222,526 188,564
•	
Total non-operating expenses	411,092
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 5,913,346

SCHEDULE OF TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Identification or Certificate	Interest	Maturity	Balances at	End of Year	
Institution - Investment	Number Rate		Date	Unrestricted	Restricted	
General Fund East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080281	0.20%	10/13/2020	\$ 2,031,440	\$ -	
•			, ,			
Water and Sewer Fund						
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080283	0.20%	10/13/2020	383,837	-	
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080284	0.20%	10/13/2020	73,577	784,827	
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080285	0.20%	10/13/2020	-	134,044	
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080286	0.50%	10/21/2020	-	786,600	
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080332	0.20%	10/15/2020	-	29,893	
East Chambers County Bank - CD	7080356	0.20%	10/08/2020		195,700	
Total temporary investments				\$ 2,488,854	\$ 1,931,064	

The Board of Directors of Trinity Bay Conservation District has elected to use Certificates of Deposit as a component of the Reserve Fund required by the Bond Orders associated with the issuance of revenue refunding bonds of series 2012, and revenue bonds of series 2014.

ANALYSIS OF TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

						 Maintenance Taxes
Taxes receivable, beginning of y 2019 original tax levy	ear					\$ 477,954 3,518,875
Total to be accounted for						 3,996,829
Taxes collections Current year Prior year						3,373,999 105,149
Total collections						3,479,148
Adjustments						 72,127
						 3,551,275
Taxes receivable, end of year						\$ 445,554
Taxes receivable by year						
2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Before 2015						\$ 110,012 45,233 37,683 25,259 22,326 205,041
Taxes receivable, end of year						\$ 445,554
		2019		2018	2017	2016
Property valuations Chambers County Jefferson County	\$	853,844,711 6,332,431	\$	822,636,112 5,387,555	\$ 791,764,578 5,399,025	\$ 736,631,158 5,315,835
Total	\$	860,177,142	\$	828,023,667	\$ 797,163,603	\$ 741,946,993
Tax rates per \$100 valuation Maintenance tax rate Debt Service tax rate	\$	0.408700 -	\$	0.408700 -	\$ 0.408700 -	\$ 0.408700
Original levy	\$	3,518,875	\$	3,388,152	\$ 3,262,663	\$ 3,030,411
Percent of taxes collected to taxes levied		95.9%	_	97.5%	96.5%	95.9%

WATER AND WASTEWATER - ENTERPRISE FUND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012 Issued \$9,220,000

		Series 2012 Issued \$9,220,000											
Due During Fiscal								Total					
Years Ending	Fel	bruary 15,		Augu		Principal							
September 30,]	Interest	I	Interest		Principal		and Interest					
2021	\$	73,150	\$	73,150	\$	640,000	\$	786,300					
2022		61,950		61,950		660,000		783,900					
2023		50,400		50,400		685,000		785,800					
2024		38,413		38,413		705,000		781,826					
2025		26,075		26,075		730,000		782,150					
2026		13,300		13,300		760,000		786,600					
	\$	263,288	\$	263,288	\$	4,180,000	\$	4,706,576					
		,		,		, ,		, -,-					

Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Issued \$2,910,000

	Series 2014 Issued \$2,910,000								
Due During Fiscal								Total	
Years Ending	Fe	bruary 15,		Augu	st 15,		Principal		
September 30,		Interest	I	nterest		Principal	and Interest		
		_		_					
2021	\$	49,825	\$	49,825	\$	75,000	\$	174,650	
2022		48,700		48,700		100,000		197,400	
2023		47,200		47,200		100,000		194,400	
2024		45,700		45,700		90,000		181,400	
2025		44,350		44,350		100,000		188,700	
2026		42,850		42,850		110,000		195,700	
2027		41,200		41,200		225,000		307,400	
2028		36,700		36,700		235,000		308,400	
2029		32,000		32,000		240,000		304,000	
2030		27,200		27,200		250,000		304,400	
2031		22,200		22,200		260,000		304,400	
2032		17,000		17,000		270,000		304,000	
2033		11,600		11,600		285,000		308,200	
2034		5,900		5,900		295,000		306,800	
	\$	472,425	\$	472,425	\$	2,635,000	\$	3,579,850	

WATER AND WASTEWATER - ENTERPRISE FUND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

	Annual Requirements for All Series								
Due During Fiscal		Total		Total		Total			
Years Ending]	Principal		Interest		Principal			
September 30,		Due		Due		nd Interest			
2021	\$	715,000	\$	245,950	\$	960,950			
2022		760,000		221,300		981,300			
2023		785,000		195,200		980,200			
2024		795,000		168,226		963,226			
2025		830,000		140,850		970,850			
2026		870,000		112,300		982,300			
2027		225,000	82,400			307,400			
2028		235,000		73,400		308,400			
2029		240,000		64,000		304,000			
2030		250,000		54,400		304,400			
2031		260,000		44,400		304,400			
2032		270,000		34,000		304,000			
2033		285,000		23,200		308,200			
2034		295,000		11,800		306,800			
	\$	6,815,000	\$	1,471,426	\$	8,286,426			

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Bond Issues Series 2012		Bond Issues Series 2014			Total
Interest rates	2.0	2.00% - 3.50%		3.00% - 4.00%		
Dates interest payable	2	2/15 - 8/15		2/15 - 8/15		
Maturity dates						
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current period	\$	4,795,000	\$	2,710,000	\$	7,505,000
New bond proceeds		-		-		-
Retirements, principal		615,000		75,000		690,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current period	\$	4,180,000	\$	2,635,000	\$	6,815,000
Interest paid during current period	<u>\$</u>	167,825	\$	101,900	\$	269,725
Paying agent's name and address: Series 2012 - Bank of New York Mellon, Dallas Texas Series 2014 - Bank of New York Mellon, Dallas Texas						
Bond authority		Tax Bonds		Revenue Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued	\$	- - -		NA 2,910,000 -		NA 9,220,000 -
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of September 30, 2020					\$	1,154,039
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt					\$	591,888

Includes all bonds secured with tax revenues. Bonds in this category may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Amounts					
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Operating revenues						
Taxes	\$ 3,455,953	\$ 3,461,457	\$ 3,247,243	\$ 3,041,701	\$ 3,650,288	
Penalty and interest	70,122	83,817	60,655	71,603	60,481	
Interest income	6,083	8,780	8,260	8,985	6,530	
Intergovernmental grants	81,823	77,514	46,601	-	-	
Intergovernmental projects	356,590	812,348	-	-	-	
Other revenues	60,928	1,451	457,140	301,506	313,133	
Total operating revenues	4,031,499	4,445,367	3,819,899	3,423,795	4,030,432	
Expenses						
Personnel	2,391,194	2,406,980	2,217,829	1,953,052	1,670,713	
Supplies	251,689	231,426	328,042	235,973	215,654	
Repairs and maintenance	248,735	196,132	176,297	144,805	199,770	
Utilities	24,953	23,232	24,606	30,589	22,252	
Contract services and						
professional services	285,041	197,840	192,196	205,101	172,794	
Sundry	11,010	20,805	16,290	19,010	10,367	
Capital expenditures	372,457	232,125	67,067	826,001	245,763	
Debt service	230,838	365,994	357,762	438,341	563,719	
Total operating expenses	3,815,917	3,674,534	3,380,089	3,852,872	3,101,032	
Excess (expenses)	215,582	770,833	439,810	(429,077)	929,400	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Capital lease financing proceeds	-	=	-	638,015	-	
Transfers (to) from other funds		(2,054,964)	(1,064,300)	(200,000)	(228,039)	
Excess of revenues and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures						
and other financing uses	\$ 215,582	\$ (1,284,131)	\$ (624,490)	\$ 8,938	\$ 701,361	

Percent	of Fund	Total Re	vanuac

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
OF 70/	77.9%	85.0%	88.8%	90.6%
85.7%				
1.7%	1.9%	1.6%	2.1%	1.5%
0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%
2.0%	1.7%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%
8.8%	18.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1.5%	0.0%	12.0%	8.8%	7.8%
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
59.3%	54.1%	58.1%	57.0%	41.5%
6.2%	5.2%	8.6%	6.9%	5.4%
6.2%	4.4%	4.6%	4.2%	5.0%
0.6%	0.5%	0.6%	0.9%	0.6%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
7.1%	4.5%	5.0%	6.0%	4.3%
0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%	0.3%
9.2%	5.2%	1.8%	24.1%	6.1%
5.7%	8.2%	9.4%	12.8%	14.0%
94.7%	82.7%	88.5%	112.5%	76.9%
5.3%	17.3%	11.5%	-12.5%	23.1%
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.6%	0.0%
0.0%	-46.2%	-27.9%	-5.8%	-5.7%
5.3%	-28.9%	-16.3%	0.3%	17.4%

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND

FOR THE FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Amounts		
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Operating revenues					
Water service	\$ 3,640,433	\$ 3,448,091	\$ 3,611,643	\$ 3,748,788	\$ 3,667,663
Sewer service	704,220	657,330	680,161	643,134	636,936
Penalty and income	24,037	22,897	22,936	23,304	22,900
Tap and connection fees	363,725	170,791	216,762	190,170	165,360
Line extensions and					
miscellaneous fees	232,101	246,487	295,619	216,318	284,921
Investment income	10,405	10,896	3,517	3,236	3,185
Other	286,152	12,821	15,452	9,271	4,659
Total operating revenues	5,261,073	4,569,313	4,846,090	4,834,221	4,785,624
Expenses					
Personnel	2,136,957	1,903,218	1,889,429	1,734,439	1,748,935
Plant operations,					
maintenance and supplies	1,124,762	782,550	748,914	840,698	419,114
Contractual and outside services	619,225	516,869	543,997	593,990	430,262
Utilities	245,532	193,399	223,514	208,160	199,343
Repairs and maintenance	34,041	214,286	45,763	51,745	46,864
Sundry	29,506	106,016	19,890	25,632	21,489
Depreciation	1,312,231	1,335,722	1,329,615	1,302,866	1,151,112
Total operating expenses	5,502,254	5,052,060	4,801,122	4,757,530	4,017,119
Excess (expenses)	(241,181)	(482,747)	44,968	76,691	768,505
Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses)					
Gain/(loss) on disposition of assets	_	_	-	41,213	(51,748)
Disaster recovery, net	_	_	38,712	, -	33,207
Project income	378,948	328,471	-	-	-
Project expenses	(188,564)	(166,094)	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	5,265	5,218	5,241
Interest expense and			·	·	·
fiscal charges	(222,528)	(241,380)	(260,355)	(278,862)	(292,193)
Total nonoperating					
revenues (expenses)	(32,144)	(79,003)	(216,378)	(232,431)	(305,493)
Net income before capital					
contributions, and transfers	(273,325)	(561,750)	(171,410)	(155,740)	463,012
Capital contributions from grants	(270,020)	-	-	1,287,350	-
Transfers (to) from other funds	_	2,054,964	1,064,300	224,409	561,909
Transfers (to) from other funds		2,007,707	1,007,300	227,70)	301,707
Change in net position	\$ (273,325)	\$ 1,493,214	\$ 892,890	\$ 1,356,019	\$ 1,024,921
Total active retail water and / or					
wastewater connections	5,905	5,754	5,630	5,595	5,570

2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 69.2% 75.5% 74.5% 77.5% 76.6% 13.4% 14.4% 14.0% 13.3% 13.3% 0.5% 0.5% 0.5% 0.5% 0.5% 6.9% 3.7% 4.5% 3.9% 3.5% 4.4% 5.4% 6.1% 4.5% 6.0% 0.2% 0.2% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 5.4% 0.3% 0.3% 0.2% 0.1% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 40.6% 41.7% 39.0% 35.9% 36.5% 21.4% 17.1% 15.5% 17.4% 8.8% 11.8% 11.3% 11.2% 12.3% 9.0% 4.7% 4.2% 4.6% 4.3% 4.2% 0.6% 4.7% 0.9% 1.1% 1.0% 0.6% 2.3% 0.4% 0.5% 0.4% 24.9% 29.2% 27.4%
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<u>0.0%</u> <u>45.0%</u> <u>22.0%</u> <u>4.6%</u> <u>11.7%</u>
<u>-5.2%</u> <u>32.7%</u> <u>18.4%</u> <u>28.1%</u> <u>21.4%</u>

BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Complete District Mailing Address: P.O. Box 599 Stowell, TX 77661

District Business Telephone Number: (409) 296-3602

Name and Address	Term of Office Date Elected or Date Hired	Salary or Fees and Expense Reimbursements Year Ended 9/30/2020	Title at Year-End	Resident of District		
Board Members						
Tommy Gilbert, Precinct #1 P.O. Box 65 Anahuac, TX 77514	11/2018 11/2022	\$ 4,250	Secretary	Yes		
Michael Winzer, Precinct #2 990 Winzer Road Winnie, TX 77665	11/2016 03/2020	1,316	President	Yes		
Cody Bauer, Precinct #2 1421 Hwy 124 Winnie, TX 77665	03/2020 11/2020	2,510	Director	Yes		
Jeffrey Jenkins, Precinct #3 P.O. Box 1377 Winnie, TX 77665	11/2018 11/2022	3,395	President	Yes		
Greggory Turner, Precinct #4 P.O. Box 307 Anahuac, TX 77514	11/2016 11/2020	3,592	Vice President	Yes		
Dorothy Hamilton, Precinct #5 P.O. Box 67 Stowell, TX 77661	11/2016 11/2020	4,301	Director	Yes		
Key Administrative Personnel						
Jerry Shadden P.O. Box 342 Winnie, TX 77665	03/2011 06/2020	204,334	Former General Manager	Yes		
James Gibson 615 Meadowlark Lane Winnie, TX 77665	06/2020 Present	27,701	General Manager	Yes		

NOTE: No director is disqualified from serving on the board of the District under the Texas Water Code.

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

Name and Address	Term of Office Date Elected or Date Hired	Reir	Fees and Expense nbursements 9/30/2020	Title at Year-End	Resident of District
Consultants	- Bate IIIIcu		9/30/2020	rear Entit	or District
Germer PLLC P.O. Box 4915 Beaumont, TX 77704	11/2006	\$	44,628	Former Attorney	N/A
LJA Engineering, Inc. 2929 Briarpark Drive Houston, TX 77042	03/2016		468,837	Engineering Consultants	N/A
Chambers County Tax Collector P.O. Box 519 Anahuac, TX 77514	07/1982		7,784	Tax Collector	N/A
Beckenstein & Oxford, LLP 3535 Calder Avenue Beaumont, TX 77706	06/2020	\$	68,100	Former Attorney	N/A
Wathen, DeShong & Juncker, LLP 4140 Gladys Ave., Suite 101 Beaumont, TX 77706	09/2019	\$	35,161	Auditor	N/A

J. Pat O'Neill, III, CPA Michael W. Kiefer, CPA Troy W. Domingue, CPA



Stanley (Chip) Majors, Jr., CPA.CITP, CGMA Jane P. Burns, CPA, CDFA Jeremy R. Triska, CPA

February 17, 2021

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District Stowell, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Trinity Bay Conservation District and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Trinity Bay Conservation District Page 2 February 17, 2021

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Trinity Bay Conservation District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wathen, DeShong & Juncker, L.L.P.

WATHEN, DeSHONG & JUNCKER, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants