SWAIM, BRENTS & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 2804 Jefferson Drive Liberty, Texas 77575 (936) 336-7205

January 4, 2019

Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District Anahuac, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District (the District) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, during the audit we noted several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal control or for operational improvements. This letter does not affect our report dated January 4, 2019, on the financial statements of Trinity Bay Conservation District.

1. FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The District has certain loan covenants that it is required to meet and has met those requirements in all prior years. The budget as approved by the District for 2019 does not ensure that the District will meet those criteria. The District should amend the budget to reflect amounts that coincide with the requirements.

2. FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

The District began accounting for inventory at the end of 2018. The District should continue developing an inventory control and reporting system. Additionally, the District should consider performing periodic inventory counts. At a minimum, an inventory count should be performed at yearend.

3. FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

As noted in prior years, the District has many ongoing projects. As the District is growing, District personnel outside of the accounting department are more involved in accounting classifications and other activities that have a direct and material effect on the accounting position of the District. In order to preserve the integrity of financial reporting, the District may need to set new internal controls and procedures in certain areas. Additionally, the District should determine specific personnel with responsibility of these activities with certainty. Operations personnel that are involved in classifications or projects should be apprised of accounting principles surrounding those activities and the effect on the financial reporting of the District as well as the interrelated effects on the responsibilities of others within the District.

4. <u>FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION</u>

As noted in prior years, projects should be classified as capital expenditures. Although progress was made in this area, the District should be careful not to include amounts that do not meet the accounting definition of a capital expenditure. Repairs are not capital expenditures unless they meet certain criteria. Also, due to the numerous projects during the year, the District should develop a project identification system to identify all transactions from beginning to completion by that project. Such a numbering system would aid in the recognition of capital expenditures and capital assets. Additionally, the status of such projects should be monitored and reported to accounting monthly.

5. FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

As noted in prior year, the District charges customers for certain water and sewer projects. Many times a payout agreement is executed with the customer and the detail charges are listed therein. The District has made improvements in the processes in this area during the year. However, additional clarification and streamlining between District personnel is needed in order to make sure the information is complete and accurate. Any subsequent determination of uncollectibility should be formally documented and submitted to accounting for adjustment in the books and records.

6. FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION

As noted in the prior year's audit, the District has ongoing projects with Chambers County, Texas which are funded by grants. Chambers County is the grantee. The District is the beneficiary of the projects of the grants. Once the projects are completed, the capital addition and a capital contribution from grant should be recorded by Trinity Bay. District accounting personnel need to be provided the following, in order to record the capital contribution from the grant: a copy of the grant, the budget for the grant including any matching amounts by the District, actual costs of the project by specific structure and written notification that the project is completed.

Trinity Bay is also coordinating certain projects for the County. The District is utilizing District personnel and equipment on this project. Invoices to the County should be submitted promptly. The billings to the County are not grant income to the District. Instead, they are intergovernmental charges for services revenues. The District should bill or accrue amounts due to the District as part of each closing cycle.

We have discussed the above with certain District personnel and would be pleased to discuss them further or to help with their implementation.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C. Liberty, Texas

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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FINANCIAL SECTION

SWAIM, BRENTS & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 2804 Jefferson Drive Liberty, Texas 77575 (936) 336-7205

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison and pension plan information on pages 3 through 9 and 36 through 38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 4, 2019, on our consideration of Trinity Bay Conservation District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the efficitiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Swaim. Brents & Associates. P.C.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C. Liberty, Texas January 4, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Trinity Bay Conservation District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

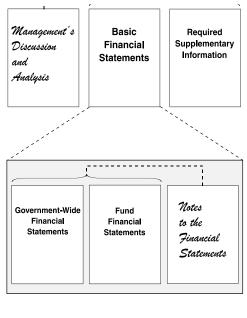
- The District's total combined net position was \$34.3 million at September 30, 2018, compared to \$31.5 million at the end of 2017.
- The District's total revenues for fiscal 2018 were \$11.5 million. The Districts's operating revenues consisted primarily
 of charges for water and wastewater services of \$4.8 million and property taxes of \$3.3 million. The District also
 recognized capital contributions of \$2.8 million which funded certain property additions. Revenues also included
 intergovernmental revenues for construction services of \$0.4 million. During the year ended September 30, 2018,
 the District's total expenses of \$8.7 million were consistent with 2017 in all functions. Revenues and expenditures for
 2017 were \$9.7 million and \$8.7 million, respectively. Revenues in 2017 included capital contributions of \$1.3 million.
- Property tax revenues increased \$0.2 million (7%) compared to 2017 due to an increase in property valuations compared to the prior year. The District property tax rate was consistent with the prior year.
- During 2018, the District recognized a capital contribution of completed salt water barrier structures financed through a grant to Chambers County, Texas of \$2.8 million.
- The general fund reported a fund balance of \$4.0 million at September 30, 2018 compared to \$4.6 million at the end of fiscal 2017. The reduction in the general fund balance is primarily due to the general fund transferring \$1.0 million to the water and wastewater fund during 2018 to aid in the funding of system construction projects in that fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, the basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Additionally, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 63 - Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position. The statement amends the net asset reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 by incorporating deferred inflows and outflows of resources into the required components of the residual measure and renaming that measure as net position. The basic financial statements of the District include (a) Management's Discussion and Analysis, (b) Government-wide Financial Statements, (c) Fund Financial Statements, (d) Notes to Financial Statements; and (e) Required Supplementary Information. The basis of presentation and the basis of accounting for the government-wide and fund financial statements is discussed below:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



Detail

• Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

Summary

• *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements								
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds					
Scope	Entire District's government (except for fiduciary funds) and the District's component units	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses					
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 					
Accounting basis & measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term					
All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid inflow/outflow information		Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's financial statement elements. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities* and *Business-type activities*. *Governmental Activities* include the District's basic services such as general government, drainage maintenance and improvement, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities. The *Business-type activities* include wastewater services and are financed through user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Directors establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary Funds*—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$34.3 million at September 30, 2018, compared to \$31.5 million at September 30, 2017. (See Table A-1).

District's Net Position (In thousands of dollars)							
	Governmental Activities		Busine	Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018-2017</u>
Assets: Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable, Net Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Internal Balances Inventory Restricted Assets Cash and Investments Capital Assets, Net	\$3,485.8 0.4 156.6 452.4 (44.4) - 118.5 10,842.0	\$4,044.3 3.1 511.8 (15.6) - 118.5 8,728.4	\$6666.8 447.8 - 0.6 44.4 115.0 1,885.7 27,742.3	\$665.6 470.2 - 0.6 15.6 - 1,848.8 27,623.4	\$4,152.6 448.2 156.6 453.0 115.0 2,004.2 38,584.3	\$4,709.9 473.3 163.1 512.4 - - 1,967.3 36,351.8	-11.8% -5.3% -4.0% -11.6% 0% 100.0% 1.9% 6.1%
Total Assets	15,011.3	13,553.6	30,902.6	30,624.2	45,913.9	44,177.8	3.9%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	676.8	777.0		<u> </u>	676.8	777.0	-12.9%
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Pension Obligation Service Deposits Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Total Liabilities	30.4 15.1 - 1,251.4 - 528.2 420.9 2,246.0	70.5 - - 1,727.2 - 552.3 714.7 3,064.7	281.8 22.9 36.2 - 698.3 663.6 <u>7,944.1</u> 9,646.9	230.8 16.5 38.5 - 675.2 642.8 8,657.6 10,261.4	312.2 38.0 36.2 1,251.4 698.3 1,191.8 <u>8,365.0</u> 11,892.9	301.3 16.5 38.5 1,727.2 675.2 1,195.1 <u>9,372.3</u> 13,326.1	3.6% 130.3% -6.0% -27.5% 3.4% -0.3% -10.7% -10.8%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	424.1	90.7		-	424.1	90.7	367.6%
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted Total Net Position	10,097.0 - <u>2,921.0</u> \$13,018.0	7,657.4 - <u>3,517.8</u> \$11,175.2	19,134.6 1,151.2 969.9 \$21,255.7	18,323.0 1,135.0 904.8 \$20,362.8	29,231.6 1,151.2 3,890.9 \$34,273.7	25,980.4 1,135.0 4,422.6 \$31,538.0	12.5% 1.4% -12.0% 8.7%

Table A-1District's Net Position(In thousands of dollars)

At September 30, 2018, the District has invested \$29.2 million in capital assets, net of related debt. Approximately \$1.1 million of the District's net position are restricted for debt service. The \$3.9 million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year. This compares to \$26.0 million invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$1.1 million restricted for debt service, and \$4.4 million of unrestricted net position at September 30, 2017.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$11.5 million in 2018. During 2018, the District received capital contributions of \$2.8 million which accounted for 24% of overall revenue. Without consideration of the capital contribution, the District's revenue comes from charges services (61%) and property taxes (38%). (See Figure A-3.) In 2017, capital contributions represented 13% of total revenue. Without consideration of the capital contributions, charges for services and property taxes were 62% and 36% of total revenue. The total cost of all programs and services was \$8.7 million, consistent with 2017. Normal operating expenses by function included water and wastewater (\$4.8 million), drainage (\$2.8 million), administration (\$0.8 million) and interest on debt (\$0.3 million).

The District's positive change in net position of \$2.7 million is due primarily to recognized capital contributions of \$2.8 million. During 2017, the District had an increase in net position of \$1.0 million including \$1.3 million in capital grant activity.

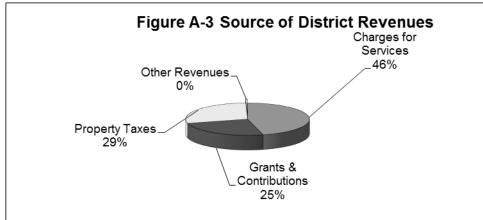


Table A-2
Changes in the District's Net Position
(In thousands of dollars)

Total

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	21	To	tal	Total Percentage Change
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018-2017</u>
Program Revenues: Charges for Services -							
Construction Services	\$443.2	\$389.8	-	-	\$443.2	\$389.8	13.7%
Water and Wastewater Operating Grants and	-	-	\$4,830.7	\$4,821.7	4,830.7	4,821.7	0.2%
Contributions	46.6	-	38.7	-	85.3	-	100.0%
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	2,774.3	-	-	1,287.4	2,774.3	1,287.4	115.5%
General Revenues:	3.291.3	3.077.5			3.291.3	3.077.5	6.9%
Property Taxes Other Taxes	3,291.3	3,077.5 6.2	-	-	3,291.3	3,077.5 6.2	62.9%
Investment Earnings	8.3	9.0	- 8.8	- 8.5	17.1	17.5	-2.9%
Gain (Loss) on Disp. of Assets	0.5	53.5	0.0	41.2	-	94.7	-100.0%
Other Revenues	13.9	17.9	11.9	9.2	25.8	27.1	-4.8%
Total Revenues	6.587.7	3,553.9	4.890.1	6.168.0	11,477.8	9,721.9	18.1%
	0,00111	0,000.0	4,000.1	0,100.0		0,721.0	10.170
Expenses by Functions/							
Programs General Administration	870.3	921.4			870.3	921.4	-5.5%
Drainage	2,778.4	2,689.0	-	-	2,778.4	2.689.0	-5.5%
Water and Wastewater	2,770.4	2,009.0	- 4,801.1	- 4,757.5	4,801.1	4,757.5	0.9%
Interest on Long-term Debt	31.9	32.8	260.4	278.9	292.3	311.7	-6.2%
Total Expenses	3.680.6	3,643.2	5.061.5	5,036.4	8.742.1	8,679.6	0.7%
Transfers	(1,064.3)	(224.4)	1,064.3	224.4			0.0%
Tailsiers	(1,004.3)	(224.4)	1,004.5	224.4	-	-	0.070
Change in Net Position	1,842.8	(313.7)	892.9	1,356.0	2,735.7	1,042.3	162.5%
Net Position – Beginning of	11,175.2	11,488.9	20,362.8	19,006.8	31,538.0	30,495.7	3.4%
Net Position – End of Year	\$13,018.0	\$11,175.2	\$21,255.7	\$20,362.8	\$34,273.7	\$31,538.0	8.7%
			6			_	

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars and miscellaneous income.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$3.7 million.
- The District received intergovernmental revenues for construction services of \$0.4 million in 2018 and 2017.
- The Drainage function also received capital contributions in 2018 of \$2.8 million.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities was \$3.3 million in property and other taxes in 2018.

Table A-3 Net Cost of Governmental-Type District Functions (in thousands of dollars)

	Total C Servi		% Change	Net Co Servio		% Change
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018-2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018-2017</u>
General Administration	\$870.3	\$921.4	-5.5%	\$870.3	\$921.4	-5.5%
Drainage	2,778.4	2,689.0	3.3%	(485.7)	2,299.2	-121.1%
Interest on Long-term Debt	31.9	32.8	-2.7%	31.9	32.8	-2.7%
Total	\$3,680.6	\$3,643.2	1.0%	\$416.5	\$3,253.4	-87.2%

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities decreased \$1.3 million to \$4.9 million compared to fiscal year 2017. The decrease was primarily attributable to a capital contribution of \$1.3 million in 2017 for wastewater facilities that was not recurring in 2018. Expenses for business type activities remained consistent at \$5.0 million for both 2018 and 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues for the District's governmental fund types (the General Fund) totaled \$3.8 million in 2018, an increase of \$0.2 million from 2017. Revenues in 2018 included property taxes of \$3.3 million compared to \$3.1 million in 2017. Total expenditures were \$3.4 million with no significant capital expenditures. Governmental expenditures included 63% of the expenditures for drainage maintenance and improvements, 26% were for general administrative services of the District, and debt service accounted for the remaining 11% of expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District revised its budget during the year as needed. Actual revenue amounts were 16% higher than budgeted amounts, primarily due to intergovernmental revenues resulting from projects with Chambers County, Texas. Operating expenditures were \$0.2 million (6%) lower than budgeted due to lower contract services, capital expenditures and supplies compared to budgeted amounts. The District ended the year with an overall \$0.7 million positive variance from budgeted amounts and realized a \$0.6 million use of reserves. The District had budgeted a net use of reserves of \$1.3 million. The budgeted use of reserves was expected because of a transfer of \$1.1 million to the Water and Wastewater Fund for capital improvements.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2018, the District had invested \$66.9 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, vehicles, utility systems and infrastructure. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents an increase of \$4.3 million from last year primarily as a result of capital contributions of drainage infrastructure and construction of water and wastewater facilities improvements.

Table A-4District's Capital Assets(In thousands of dollars)

		nmental		ss-type			Total Percentage
	Activ	Activities		Activities		al	Change
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018-2017</u>
Land and Easements	\$681.3	\$681.3	\$1,107.1	\$1,107.1	\$1,788.4	\$1,788.4	0.0%
Construction in Progress	-	-	946.8	96.4	946.8	96.4	882.2%
Buildings and Improvements	-	-	3,776.3	3,776.3	3,776.3	3,776.3	0.0%
Office Furniture, Fixtures & Equip	159.1	153.1	113.4	111.9	272.5	265.0	2.8%
Vehicles	519.0	491.5	560.1	513.0	1,079.1	1,004.5	7.4%
Machinery and Equipment	3,100.5	2,790.5	936.9	748.4	4,037.4	3,538.9	14.1%
Assets Held Under Capital Lease	1,759.8	2,039.5	167.1	167.1	1,926.9	2,206.6	-12.7%
Water and Wastewater Systems	-	-	40,438.3	40,077.2	40,438.3	40,077.2	0.9%
Infrastructure-Drainage Systems	12,674.6	9,900.3	-	-	12,674.6	9,900.3	28.0%
Totals at Historical Cost	18,894.3	16,056.2	48,046.0	46,597.4	66,940.3	62,653.6	6.8%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,052.3)	(7,327.8)	(20,303.7)	(18,974.0)	(28,356.0)	(26,301.8)	7.8%
Net Capital Assets	\$10,842.0	\$8,728.4	\$27,742.3	\$27,623.4	\$38,584.3	\$36,351.8	6.1%

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the District had \$9.6 million in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. The District's debt is currently unrated. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5District's Long-Term Debt (In thousands of dollars)							
	Govern Activ	rities	Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018-2017</u>
Capital Lease Obligations	\$745.1	\$1,071.0	\$21.1	\$37.1	\$766.2	\$1,108.1	-30.9%
Compensated Absences Payable	204.0	196.0	-	-	204.0	196.0	4.1%
Bonds Payable, 2014 Series	-	-	2,760.0	2,810.0	2,760.0	2,810.0	-1.8%
Bonds Payable, 2012 Series	-	-	5,395.0	5,975.0	5,395.0	5,975.0	-9.7%
Total	949.1	1,267.0	8,176.1	8,822.1	9,125.2	10,089.1	-9.6%
Bond Premiums Remaining	-	-	431.6	478.3	431.6	478.3	-9.8%
Total Long-term Debt	\$949.1	\$1,267.0	\$8,607.7	\$9,300.4	\$9,556.8	\$10,567.4	-9.6%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- General fund revenues are expected to be \$3.6 million. Property tax revenues for 2019 for the general fund are expected to be higher than 2018 by \$0.2 million (6%). Tax rates for the District are expected to remain the same as 2018.
- General operating fund spending in the 2019 budget is \$5.2 million, including a transfer to the water and wastewater fund of \$1.3 million. As a result, the budget expects use of prior reserves of \$1.5 million.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2019. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2019 budget.

The water and wastewater revenues are expected to be \$4.8 million for the 2019 budget which is an increase of \$0.3 million over 2018 budgeted amounts. The budget also includes an additional \$1.3 million transfer from the general fund. Expenditures are expected to be \$6.1 million. As a result, the budget expects use of prior reserves of \$0.3 million.

If these estimates are realized, the District's fund balances for general fund and water and wastewater fund are expected to decline \$1.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, as the District utilizes reserves from prior years.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Financial Department.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Investments	\$3,485,829	\$666,827	\$4,152,656
Accounts Receivable, Net Taxes Receivable, Net	400 156,568	447,800	448,200 156,568
Due from Other Governments	452,419	628	453,047
Internal Balances	(44,372)	44,372	-
Inventory Restricted Assets:	· -	115,019	115,019
Cash and Investments	118,478	1,885,708	2,004,186
Capital Assets, Net	10,842,033	27,742,297	38,584,330
TOTAL ASSETS	15,011,355	30,902,651	45,914,006
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	676,769	-	676,769
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	30,432	281,849	312,281
Due to Other Governments	15,108	22,930	38,038
Accrued Interest Payable Service Deposits	-	36,153 698,296	36,153 698,296
Net Pension Obligation	- 1,251,404	090,290	1,251,404
Long-term Liabilities:	.,_0.,.0.		.,_0.,.0.
Due Within One Year	528,210	663,609	1,191,819
Due In More Than One Year	420,870	7,944,128	8,364,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,246,024	9,646,965	11,892,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	424,122	-	424,122
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,096,939	19,134,560	29,231,499
Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	- 2,921,039	1,151,259 969,867	1,151,259 3,890,906
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$13,017,978	\$21,255,686	\$34,273,664
	,,., . ., . .	<i>,</i> , , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>		
Government Activities:						
General Administration	\$870,325	-	-	-		
Drainage	2,778,411	\$443,238	\$46,601	\$2,774,314		
Interest on Long-term Debt	31,885	-	-	-		
Total Governmental Activities	3,680,621	443,238	46,601	2,774,314		
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Wastewater	4,801,122	4,830,666	38,712	-		
Interest on Long-term Debt	260,355	-	-	-		
Total Business-Type Activities	5,061,477	4,830,666	38,712	-		
Totals	\$8,742,098	\$5,273,904	\$85,313	\$2,774,314		

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied For: General Purposes Other Taxes Miscellaneous Income Investment Income Total General Revenues and Transfers

Transfers

Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of Year Net Position, End of Year

	,325) 5,742 , <u>885)</u> ,468)
- (260,355) (260,	3,256 , <u>355)</u> ,099)
(416,468) (192,099) (608	,567)
13,902 11,907 25	1,278),115 5,809 7,042
3,323,555 20,689 3,344	1,244
(1,064,300) 1,064,300	-
1,842,787 892,890 2,735 11,175,191 20,362,796 31,537 \$13,017,978 \$21,255,686 \$34,273	7,987

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	AO 405 000		#0 405 000
Cash and Investments	\$3,485,829	-	\$3,485,829
Taxes Receivable Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	494,363	-	494,363
Other Receivables	(337,795) 400	-	(337,795) 400
Due from Other Governments	143,066	- \$309,353	400 452,419
Due from Other Funds	427,831	ψ003,000 -	427,831
Restricted Assets:	427,001		427,001
Cash and Investments	-	118,478	118,478
TOTAL ASSETS	4,213,694	427,831	4,641,525
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF			
RESOURCES	\$4,213,694	\$427,831	\$4,641,525
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$30,432	-	\$30.432
Due to Other Governments	15,108	-	15,108
Due to Other Funds	44,372	\$427,831	472,203
TOTAL LIABILITIES	89,912	427,831	517,743
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes	156,568	<u> </u>	156,568
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	156,568	<u> </u>	156,568
FUND BALANCES Restricted:			
Capital Projects	2 067 214	-	- 2 067 244
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>3,967,214</u> 3,967,214		<u>3,967,214</u> 3,967,214
I UTAL FUND DALANCES	3,907,214	<u> </u>	<u>,214 کا ۲</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$4,213,694	\$427,831	\$4,641,525

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$3,967,214
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	10,842,033
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	156,568
Long-term liabilities for capital leases which were not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(745,094)
Payables for compensated absences which were not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(203,986)
Liability for pension obligation is not reported in the funds.	(1,251,404)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions is not reported in the funds.	252,647
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$13,017,978

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$3,237,128	-	\$3,237,128
Tax Penalty and Interest	60,655	-	60,655
Other Taxes	10,115	-	10,115
Investment Income	8,260	-	8,260
Intergovernmental Grant Income	46,601	-	46,601
Intergovernmental Revenues	443,238	-	443,238
Other Revenues and Receipts	13,902	-	13,902
TOTAL REVENUES	3,819,899		3,819,899
EXPENDITURES:			
General Administration			
Personnel Costs	280,301	-	280,301
Pension Plan Contributions	380,198	-	380,198
Supplies	10,404	-	10,404
Repairs and Maintenance	7,681	-	7,681
Professional Fees	44,758	-	44,758
Utilities	24,606	-	24,606
Contract and Outside Services	119,626	-	119,626
Sundry	16,290	-	16,290
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-
Total General Administration	883,864		883,864
Drainage			
Personnel Costs	1,557,330	-	1,557,330
Supplies	317,638	-	317,638
Repairs and Maintenance	168,616	-	168,616
Professional Fees	-	-	-
Contract and Outside Services	27,812	-	27,812
Capital Expenditures	67,067		67,067
Total Drainage	2,138,463		2,138,463
Debt Service	005 077		005 077
Principal	325,877	-	325,877
Interest	31,885		31,885
Total Debt Service	357,762		357,762
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,380,089		3,380,089
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	439,810	-	439,810
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(1,064,300)	-	(1,064,300)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,064,300)	-	(1,064,300)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(624,490)	-	(624,490)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,591,704		4,591,704
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$3,967,214		\$3,967,214

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018	MENT
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$(624,490)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	67,067
Contribuitons of capital assets are not reported in the funds as a current financial resource but are reflected in the SOA.	2,774,314
The depreciation of capital assets used in the governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(727,718)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the SNP.	325,877
Payables for compensated absences which were not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(7,986)
Certain property taxes are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(6,505)
Change in net pension obligation and deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	42,228
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$1,842,787

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds Water and Wastewater
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS:	*****
Cash and Investments	\$666,827
Accounts Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments	447,800 628
Due from Other Funds	44,372
Inventory	115,019
Total Unrestricted Current Assets	1,274,646
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Investments	1,885,708
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,160,354
CAPITAL ASSETS:	49.045.069
Property, Plant and Equipment Less: Allowance For Depreciation	48,045,968 (20,303,671)
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	27,742,297
TOTAL ASSETS	30,902,651
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Capital Leases Payable – Current Payable from Restricted Assets: Accrued Interest Payable Deposits Bonds Payable - Current TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	281,849 22,930 13,609 36,153 698,296 650,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,702,837
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: Capital Leases Payable, Net of Current Portion	7,485
Bonds Payable, Net of Current Portion	7,505,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	431,643
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	7,944,128
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,646,965
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u> </u>
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,134,560
Restricted for Debt Service	1,151,259
	969,867
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$21,255,686

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds Water and Wastewater
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for Services, Net	\$4,830,666
Investment Income	3,517
Other Income	11,907
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,846,090
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Personnel Costs	1,889,429
Supplies	677,881
Repairs and Maintenance	45,763
Maintenance of Plants and Buildings	71,033
Professional Fees	58,474
Utilities	223,514
Contract and Outside Services	485,523
Sundry	19,890
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,471,507
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE DEPRECIATION	1,374,583
Less: Depreciation	(1,329,615)
NET OPERATING INCOME	44,968
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment Income - Debt Service	5 205
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	5,265 (260,355)
Grant Revenue – Disaster Recovery	(200,355) 38,712
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(216,378)
	(210,570)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(171,410)
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS	1,064,300
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	892,890
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	20,362,796
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$21,255,686

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds
	Water &
	Wastewater
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Customers	\$4,876,107
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,656,421)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(1,889,429)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING	
ACTIVITIES	1,330,257
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Grant Revenue – Disaster Recovery	38,712
Transfers from Other Funds	1,064,300
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NON-CAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,103,012
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets	(1,448,540)
Principal Payments on Debt	(630,000)
Payments on Capital Lease Obligations	(15,988)
Interest and Fiscal Charges Related to Debt	(309,375)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL	
AND RELATED FINANCING ÁCTIVITIES	(2,403,903)
CASH FLOWS FROM	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	0.700
	8,782
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING	0.700
ACTIVITIES	8,782
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	38.148
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,514,387
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$2,552,535
	φ2,002,000

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:

Net Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities -	\$44,968
Depreciation	1,329,615
Investment Income	(3,517)
(Increase) Decrease in:	
Accounts Receivable	22,395
Inventory	(115,019)
Increase (Decrease) in:	
Accounts Payable	51,060
Due to Other Governments	6,450
Due from Other Funds	(28,741)
Service Deposits	23,046
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$1,330,257

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trinity Bay Conservation District (the District) was organized in 1949, under the provision of Section 59, Article XVI of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The District is located within Chambers and Jefferson Counties. The District operates under a Board of Directors comprised of five members elected by the citizens residing within the District. It is the Board of Directors' responsibility to appoint a general manager who is the chief administrator and executive officer of the District.

The District's major operations include maintenance of drainage facilities within the District. Additionally, the District operates an enterprise fund for the provision of water and wastewater services. The District operates under Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code.

The following is a summary of the District's more significant accounting policies:

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The measure for including organizations as component units of the District was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The basic, but not the only, criteria for inclusion is the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the Board of Directors. Examples of oversight responsibility include financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, no potential component unit has been excluded from these statements. There are no component units included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed through user charges.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on the major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types: All governmental funds are reported using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property taxes are recorded and deferred until they become available. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund – This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for resources and functions traditionally associated with governments that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District did not have any special revenue funds as of September 30, 2018.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, all general obligation indebtedness not serviced by the proprietary funds. The District did not have any debt service funds as of September 30, 2018.

Capital Projects Funds – These funds are used to account for all major capital expenditures not financed by the proprietary or trust funds. The District has a capital project fund for drainage construction projects funded primarily by capital grants.

Proprietary Fund Types: All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating expenses of the District's proprietary fund include the personnel costs, costs of operating the systems, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District's fund included in this category is the Water and Wastewater Fund. The Water and Wastewater fund is used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Board is that the cost of providing certain goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges for those services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental entities, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to September 30, of each year, the District adopts a budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, of that year. The budget, which includes anticipated revenues and expenditures, is adopted for the Governmental Fund Types and all Proprietary Funds. The budget is amended by the District as needed throughout the year.

E. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Interfund transactions intended to reflect the transfer of resources between funds are reflected as transfers. Certain transactions representing short-term liabilities between funds are recorded as receivables and payables in the respective funds at the time the transactions are reported on the fund basis statements.

F. Cash and Time Deposits

Cash in excess of current operating requirements is invested in time deposits in order to earn a higher rate of interest. The District generally does not invest in any other securities. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash deposits and certificates of deposit are reported at their carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

G. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from water and wastewater services are presented net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$406,268 at September 30, 2018. The increase in the allowance of \$23,083 has been netted against charges for services revenue.

H. Restricted Assets

The Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund, based on certain bond covenants, is required to establish and maintain resources (cash and temporary investments) that can be used to service outstanding debt. Additionally, funds collected for construction and meter deposits are segregated and restricted for future disposition. Restricted assets at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Capital Projects	Water & Wastewater
	Fund	Fund
Debt Service Accounts	-	\$1.187.412
Construction Accounts	\$118,478	-
Service Deposits	-	698,296
	\$118.478	\$1.885.708

I. Inventory

Inventories of materials and supplies are maintained for the drainage operations of the general fund and for the proprietary funds. The inventory in each fund is recorded at cost (first-in, first-out basis), which is lower than market.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Infrastructure such as drainage systems are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$2,000.

Major outlays for capital asset construction and improvements are capitalized as construction-in-progress as projects are constructed. Upon completion, the projects are transferred to depreciable assets.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method and depreciation expense for governmental assets is specifically identified by function with general assets being allocated based on a percentage of governmental functional expenditures over total governmental expenditures. Depreciation expense for the proprietary funds is recorded in each respective proprietary fund. The following estimated useful lives are used for calculating depreciation expense:

	Depreciable Life
Infrastructure	15-40
Building & Improvements	15-40
Systems	15-40
Vehicles	5-7
Machinery & Equipment	5-10
Office Equipment	3-5

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an addition to net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Fund Balances

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54-*Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions* establishes fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the use of the resources reported in each governmental fund as well as establishes additional note disclosures regarding fund balance classification policies and procedures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board of Directors through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board of Directors. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in any other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

For the government-wide financial statements, net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

N. Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None Reported	Not applicable

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year-end, if any, along with remarks that address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	<u>Amount</u>	Remarks
None	N/A	

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

A. Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interestbearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$6,156,842 and the bank balance was \$6,322,870. The District's cash deposits at September 30, 2018, and during the year ended September 30, 2018, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

B. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments that are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and commercial paper.

The District's investments at September 30, 2018, are shown below:

	Carrying	
Description	Amount	Market Value
Certificates of Deposit –	\$5,475,169	\$5,475,169

C. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year-end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2018, the District's investments were covered by collateral with a fair value equal to the investment. At year-end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk. At September 30, 2018, all certificates of deposit held were fully insured by the FDIC, or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

department or agent but not in the District's name. At year-end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year-end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

4. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

5. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Taxable property within the District is subject to assessment, levy and collection of ad valorem taxes necessary to support the general governmental services provided and to provide for the payment of any unlimited tax and revenue bonds of the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund. The Act under which the District was created provided for the levy of an operations and maintenance tax of \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value. This rate was subsequently amended on May 2, 1957, to \$.50 per \$100 of assessed value. The tax rate for debt service is unlimited. The total tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was \$0.4087 per \$100 assessed valuation based on the total net assessed value of \$797,163,603.

Taxes are levied on October 1 of each year, and are payable without penalty or interest through the following January 31. The District recognizes property tax revenue when levied to the extent that it results in current receivables. Property taxes are collected and remitted to the District by the Chambers County and Jefferson County Tax Assessor Collectors' offices.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. However, as the District no longer has debt to service with tax collections, all delinquent taxes collected are now allocated to maintenance. Allowances for uncollectible taxes receivable of \$337,795 at September 30, 2018, are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTE 5 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of September 30, 2018, amounts due from other governments consisted of the following:

	Amount	Purpose
Due from Chambers County, Texas	\$14,533	Tax Collection Proceeds
Due from Chambers County, Texas	128,533	Contract Services – GLO Grants
Total General Fund	143,066	
Due from Federal Government - FEMA	309,353	Disaster Recovery-Construction
Total Capital Projects Fund	309,353	
Due from Federal Government - FEMA	628	Disaster Recovery Grant
Total Water & Wastewater Fund	628	-
Total	\$453,047	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 6 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Interfund receivables/payables are scheduled to be repaid within one year and consisted of the following:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	Amount	Purpose
Water & Wastewater Fund	General Fund	\$44,372	Short- term loans
		\$44.372	

NOTE 7- PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases and Other	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Easements	\$681,333	-	-	\$681,333
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	681,333			681,333
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	153,086	\$6,000	-	159,086
Vehicles	491,503	27,482	-	518,985
Machinery and Equipment	2,790,470	33,585	\$276,480	3,100,535
Assets Held Under Capital Lease	2,039,517	-	(279,713)	1,759,804
Infrastructure – Drainage Systems	9,900,326	2,774,314	-	12,674,640
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	15,374,902	2,841,381	(3,233)	18,213,050
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:			i	
Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	83,014	20,703	-	103,717
Vehicles	376,023	32,512	-	408,535
Machinery and Equipment	2,425,630	108,589	276,480	2,810,699
Assets Held Under Capital Lease	932,720	324,826	(279,713)	977,833
Infrastructure – Drainage Systems	3,510,478	241,088	-	3,751,566
Total Accumulated Depreciation	7,327,865	727,718	(3,233)	8,052,350
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	8,047,037	2,113,663		10,160,700
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$8,728,370	\$2,113,663	\$-	\$10,842,033

Depreciation was charged to functional expenditures as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Administration	\$20,703
Drainage	707,015
Total Depreciation Expense	\$727,718

During 2018, Chambers County, Texas completed construction on salt water barrier structures that were funded from a Community Development Block Grant to the County. Upon completion, the County contributed those projects to the District. The contribution of \$2.8 million is reflected in governmental activities as a capital contribution and as an addition to drainage system infrastructure in capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 7- PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases and Other	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$1,107,127	-	-	\$1,107,127
Construction in Progress	96,434	\$986,944		1,083,378
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,203,561	986,944		2,190,505
Constal Accesto Reiner Denvesiate du				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	2 776 265			2 776 265
Buildings and Improvements	3,776,265	-	-	3,776,265
Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Vehicles	111,937	1,415	-	113,352
	512,990 748,371	47,162 188,522	-	560,152 936,893
Machinery and Equipment Assets Held Under Capital Lease	167.143	100,522	-	930,893 167,143
Water and Wastewater Systems	- , -	- 224,497	-	40,301,658
•	40,077,161			
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	45,393,867	461,596		45,855,463
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	110 510	02.052		206 464
Buildings and Improvements	112,512	93,952	-	206,464
Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Vehicles	49,454	8,291	-	57,745
	325,869	72,331	-	398,200
Machinery and Equipment	573,668	80,760	-	654,428
Assets Held Under Capital Lease	128,536	9,084	-	137,620
Water and Wastewater Systems	17,784,017	1,065,197		18,849,214
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,974,056	1,329,615	-	20,303,671
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	26,419,811	(868,019)	-	25,551,792
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$27,623,372	\$118,925		\$27,742,297

Depreciation was charged to functional expenditures as follows:

Business-type Activities:	
Water & Wastewater	\$1,329,615

NOTE 8 – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of September 30, 2018, amounts due to other governments consisted of the following:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
Due to FEMA Total General Fund	\$15,108 15,108	Grant funding unspent at yearend
Due to State of Texas Due to FEMA Total Water & Wastewater Fund	16,004 6,926 22,930	TCEQ fees Grant funding unspent at yearend
Total	\$38,038	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2018	Amount Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Capital Leases Other Liabilities:	\$1,070,971	-	\$(325,877)	\$745,094	\$324,224
Compensated Absences	196,000	\$150,037	(142,051)	203,986	203,986
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$1,266,971	\$150,037	\$(467,928)	\$949,080	\$528,210
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Bonds, Notes and Leases:					
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	\$5,975,000	-	\$(580,000)	\$5,395,000	\$600,000
Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	2,810,000	-	(50,000)	2,760,000	50,000
Capital Leases	37,082	-	(15,998)	21,094	13,609
Bonds, Notes and Leases	8,822,082	-	(645,988)	8,176,094	663,609
Bond Premiums Received	478,300	-	(46,657)	431,643	-
Total Bonds, Notes and Leases	9,300,382	-	(692,645)	8,607,737	663,609
Total Business-type Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$9,300,382	-	\$(692,645)	\$8,607,737	\$663,609

Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

During fiscal year 2012, the District issued Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2012, with a face value of \$9,220,000, for the purpose of refunding all of the District's then outstanding bonds (Series 1998A, Series 1998B and Series 2002). The interest rates on the Series 2012 Bonds range from 2.0% to 3.5%. The bonds are secured and payable by a lien on the net revenues from the operations of the District's waterworks and sanitary sewer system, as defined in the bond order. The District is required to deposit monthly into an interest and sinking fund, an amount as will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the next payment date.

Additionally, the District is required to maintain a reserve fund equal to the largest year of future debt service. The reserve was fully funded at the time of issuance of the bonds. The reserve is to be used to pay the principal and interest on the bonds at any time when there is not sufficient money available in the interest and sinking fund for such purpose. If the reserve is reduced below the stated funding level, monthly deposits are to be made until the reserve fund has been restored.

There are a number of limitations, restrictions, and provisions contained in the bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations, restrictions and provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

During fiscal year 2015, the District issued Revenue bonds, Series 2014, with a face value of \$2,910,000, for the purpose of constructing the District's office facilities. The interest rates on the Series 2014 Bonds range from 3.0% to 4.0%. The bonds are secured and payable by a lien on the net revenues from the operations of the District's waterworks and sanitary sewer system, as defined in the bond order. The District is required to deposit monthly into an interest and sinking fund, an amount as will be sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the next payment date.

Additionally, the District is required to maintain a reserve fund equal to the largest year of total future debt service with consideration of the 2012 Bonds reserve funds. The reserve was fully funded at the time of issuance of the bonds. The reserve is to be used to pay the principal and interest on the bonds at any time when there is not sufficient money available in the interest and sinking fund for such purpose. If the reserve is reduced below the stated funding level, monthly deposits are to be made until the reserve fund has been restored.

There are a number of limitations, restrictions, and provisions contained in the bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations, restrictions and provisions.

The following is a schedule of annual requirements necessary to amortize all bonded indebtedness outstanding of the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Fund as of September 30, 2018, including total principal of \$8,155,000 and total interest of \$2,030,375.

Year ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$650,000	\$289,225	\$939,225
2020	690,000	269,725	959,725
2021	715,000	245,950	960,950
2022	760,000	221,300	981,300
2023	785,000	195,200	980,200
2024-2028	2,955,000	577,175	3,532,175
2029-2033	1,305,000	220,000	1,525,000
2034	295,000	11,800	306,800
Totals	\$8,155,000	\$2,030,375	\$10,185,375

The amount available in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund debt service accounts as of September 30, 2018, is \$1,187,412 to service the above bonded indebtedness. This consists of \$205,112 in interest and sinking funds and \$982,300 in reserve funds.

Capital Leases

In prior years, the District entered into leases for machinery and equipment which meet the criteria for capitalization. The leases include a governmental clause whereby the leases may be terminated at the end of (or with appropriate notice during) budget periods if such funding is not budgeted and District funds are not appropriated. However, the District considers the leases to be capital leases and have accounted for them as such in the financial statements.

Capital assets held under capital leases at September 30, 2018, amounted to \$1,926,947 and are included in capital assets. The related present values of the remaining obligations under the capital leases of \$766,188 are included in long-term liabilities (\$745,094 in governmental-type activities and \$21,094 in business-type activities.)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The future minimum obligations under capital leases at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2019	\$337,338	\$18,460	\$355.798	
2019	259,594	9,480	269,074	
2021	134,804	3,509	138,313	
2022	34,452	127	34,579	
Totals	\$766,188	\$31,576	\$797,764	

Compensated Absences Payable

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on the length of their employment. Sick leave does not vest or accumulate and is recorded as an expenditure when paid. No employee will be paid for unused sick leave upon separation of employment, unless specified by contract. Vacation time may be carried from one year to the next year. Employees will be paid for unused vacation time up to one and one-half times their annual vacation days upon separation of employment. Unused accrued vacation in excess of these days will not be reimbursed. The liability for accumulated vacation benefits of \$203,986 is reflected on the Statement of Net Position as a long-term liability.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for all of its full-time and part-time non-temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple employer public employee retirement system consisting of separate nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employerfinanced monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is accumulated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

At December 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the plan:

Active employees	46
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
	80

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 15.44% for the months of the accounting year in 2018, and 15.44% for the months of the accounting year in 2017. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2017 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Investment rate of return	8.00 percent, net of plan investment expense, including inflation

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016. In addition, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale.

The long term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' invetment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2018 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target <u>Allocation</u> <u>(1)</u>	Geometric <u>Real Rate</u> <u>Of Return</u> <u>(2)</u>
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.5%	4.55%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	16.0%	7.55%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.5%	4.85%
International Equities-Developed Mkts	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	11.0%	4.55%
International Equities –Emerging Mkts	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	8.0%	5.55%
Investment – Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.0%	0.75%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	8.0%	4.12%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.0%	8.06%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (4)	2.0%	6.30%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index +33% S & P Global REIT (net) Index	2.0%	4.05%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.0%	6.00%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (5)	6.0%	6.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	18.0%	4.10%
Total		100.0%	

(1) Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2018 TCDRS Board meeting.

(2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.95%, per Cliffwater's 2018 capital market assumptions.

(3) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(4) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(5) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the District's Net Pension Liability

Changes in the District's net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)
Balances, December 31, 2016	\$8,561,498	\$6,834,243	\$1,727,255
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	282,338	-	282,338
Interest on Total Pension Liability	705,447	-	705,447
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	-
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains/Losses	43,379	-	43,379
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	17,221	-	17,221
Refund of Contributions	(2,654)	(2,654)	-
Benefit Payments	(271,915)	(271,915)	-
Administrative Expenses	-	(5,376)	5,376
Member Contributions	-	163,685	(163,685)
Net Investment Income	-	1,001,585	(1,001,585)
Employer Contributions	-	361,041	(361,041)
Other Charges	-	3,301	(3,301)
Net Changes	773,816	1,249,667	(475,851)
Balances, December 31, 2017	\$9,335,314	\$8,083,910	\$1,251,404

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Total Pension Liability	\$10,595,918	\$9,335,314	\$8,277,523
Fiduciary Net Position	8,083,910	<u>8,083,910</u>	8,083,910
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	<u>\$2,512,008</u>	<u>\$1,251,404</u>	\$193,613

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

As of December 31, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$73,595 -	\$48,003 46,603
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings Contributions Made Subsequent to December 31, 2016	350,527	295,403 286,760
Total	\$424,122	\$676,769

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31:	
2018	\$68,560
2019	51,287
2020	(72,237)
2021	(86,549)
2022	4,826
Total	<u>\$(34,113)</u>

NOTE 11- RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees or others; and natural disasters. The District's primary risk management activity is to maintain various types of insurance coverage to cover any significant losses that might be incurred.

The District is contingently liable with respect to claims or litigation arising from the ordinary course of operations. The settlement of such claims would require budget appropriations of future revenues. District officials have asserted that they have no significant pending or threatened litigation, or claims against the District that would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

State funds received during the current year and prior years through various grant programs are subject to audit by the applicable agencies. The District does not anticipate any substantial disallowance of project costs for any of the projects.

NOTE 12 – GRANTS

During prior years, the District completed the construction projects, funded by Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), to replace structures (bridges, gates and weirs) damaged by Hurricane Ike. The District received \$23,116 from FEMA on these projects during 2018. As of September 30, 2018, the District had the following remaining related to these projects:

	September 30,	Current Year	September 30,
	2017	Activity	2018
Due from FEMA	\$450,947	\$(23,116)	\$427,831
Advances Received but Unused	(118,478)		(118,478)
Net Amount Due from FEMA	\$332,469	\$(23,116)	\$309,353

Additionally during 2018, the District recognized grant funding of \$85,313 from FEMA for Hurricance Harvey disaster recovery projects. As of September 30, 2018, \$22,034 had been advanced to the District but was unused.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL– GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		General Fund		
				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Unfavorable)</u>
REVENUES:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	\$3,237,128	\$37,128
Tax Penalty and Interest	\$3,200,000 70,000	\$3,200,000 70,000	60,655	(9,345)
Other Taxes	11.000	11.000	10,115	(885)
Investment Income	8,000	8,000	8,260	(883)
Intergovernmental Grant Income	8,000	8,000	46,601	46,601
Intergovernmental Revenues	-	-	443,238	443,238
Other Revenues and Receipts	1,500	17,129	13,902	(3,227)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,290,500	3,306,129	3,819,899	513,770
	5,230,300	0,000,120	5,015,055	515,770
EXPENDITURES:				
Personnel Costs, including Benefits	2,165,500	2,204,500	2,217,829	(13,329)
Supplies	273.700	418.800	328.042	90.758
Repairs and Maintenance	148,300	186,600	176,297	10,303
Maintenance of Plants and Buildings	500	2,050		2,050
Professional Fees	96,000	43,600	44.758	(1,158)
Utilities	33,000	26,000	24,606	1,394
Contract and Outside Services, including Capital Leases	568,000	563,000	505,200	57,800
Sundry	21,200	21,200	16.290	4,910
Capital Expenditures	105,000	111,079	67,067	44,012
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,411,200	3,576,829	3,380,089	196,740
	0,111,200	0,010,020	0,000,000	100,110
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers (In) Out	(214,300)	(1,064,300)	(1,064,300)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(214,300)	(1,064,300)	(1,064,300)	-
	()	(,)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (A)	\$(335,000)	\$(1,335,000)	(624,490)	\$710,510
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,591,704	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR			\$3,967,214	
			ψ0,007,214	

(A) The District budgeted use of reserves.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Actuarial Valuation Date 12/31/2017	Actuarial Valuation Date 12/31/2016	Actuarial Valuation Date 12/31/2015	Actuarial Valuation Date 12/31/2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$282,338	\$292,558	\$239,916	\$233,778
Interest on Total Pension Liability	705,447	642,780	599,247	551,401
Effect of Plan Changes	-	-	(56,493)	-
Effect of Assumption Changes	17,221	-	56,442	
Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains)/Losses	43,379	(36,913)	(82,650)	27,659
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	(274,569)	(253,170)	(236,857)	(213,843)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	773,816	645,255	519,605	598,995
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	8,561,498	7,916,243	7,396,638	6,797,643
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	9,335,314	8,561,498	7,916,243	7,396,638
Fiduciary Net Position Employer Contributions Member Contributions Investment Income Net of Investment Expenses Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions Administrative Expenses	361,041 163,685 1,001,585 (274,569) (5,376)	335,565 152,134 454,562 (253,170) (4,940)	324,450 147,095 (116,686) (236,857) (4,380)	305,717 138,602 366,990 (213,843) (4,419)
Other	3,301	21,913	(5,416)	(9,035)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	1,249,667	706,064	108,206	584,012
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	6,834,243	6,128,179	6,019,973	5,435,961
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	8,083,910	6,834,243	6,128,179	6,019,973
Net Pension Liability/(Asset), Ending = (a) – (b)	\$1,251,404	\$1,727,255	\$1,788,064	\$1,376,665
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	86.59%	79.83%	77.41%	81.39%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$2,338,352	\$2,173,347	\$2,101,363	\$1,980,030
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	53.52%	79.47%	85.09%	69.53%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

<u>Actuarial Year</u> Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution	<u>Actual</u> Employer Contribution	<u>Contribution</u> Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (2)	<u>Actual</u> <u>Contribution</u> <u>as a % of</u> <u>Covered</u> <u>Payroll</u>
2008	170,798	170,798	0	1,645,450	10.4%
2009	200,890	200,890	0	1,622,698	12.4%
2010	176,508	176,508	0	1,511,201	11.7%
2011	186,939	186,939	0	1,552,646	12.0%
2012	240,991	240,991	0	1,769,391	13.6%
2013	253,091	253,091	0	1,894,396	13.4%
2014	305,717	305,717	0	1,980,030	15.4%
2015	307,219	324,450	(17,231)	2,101,363	15.4%
2016	308,398	335,565	(27,167)	2,173,347	15.4%
2017	328,772	361,041	(32,269)	2,338,352	15.4%

(1) TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

(2) Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.				
Methods and assumptions used to	determine contribution rates:			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age			
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed			
Remaining Amortization Period	10.1 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2017 valuation)			
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market			
Inflation	2.75%			
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.			
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation			
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.			
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.			
Changes in Assumptions and Methods	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected			
Changes in Plan Provisions	2015: No changes in plan provisions. 2016: No changes in plan provisions. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates for benefits earned after 2017.			

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES Variance Budget Variance Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) Water Sales (Including Capital Improvements Fees) \$3,490,600 \$3,599,032 \$108,432 Sever Sales 640,000 640,000 680,161 40,161 Penalty Income 23,000 22,000 22,036 (64) Nuk Water Sales 42,000 42,000 46,442 4,442 Papping Fees - Water 98,000 98,000 110,250 12,250 Tapping Fees - Sever 100,000 100,000 256,619 195,619 Total OPERATING EXPENDITURES 4,500 45,000 340,000 31,71 Maintenance 1,826,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,852,314 (1,414) Contagency 7,1000 100,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 3,969,900 4,980,450 19,869,49 Sundry 28,300 4,800		Water and Wastewater Fund			
Budget Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Water Sales (Including Capital Improvements Fees) \$3,490,600 \$3,490,600 \$3,599,032 \$108,432 Sewer Sales 640,000 640,000 640,000 640,400 860,161 40,161 Penalty Income 23,000 22,300 22,306 (64) 42,000 42,000 42,000 42,000 42,442 4,442 4,442 4,442 4,442 4,442 4,442 4,442 4,420 12,250 14,440 4,44,44 4,440 4,440 4,440 4,440 4,44,44 4,440 4,450 4,505,500 4,560 3,517 170 100 10,000 10,000 10,50 14,50 14,50 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
OPERATING REVENUES Water Sales (Including Capital Improvements Fees) \$3,490,600 \$3,490,600 \$3,599,032 \$108,432 Sewer Sales 640,000 680,161 40,161 Penalty Income 23,000 24,000 42,000 42,000 42,000 42,442 Bulk Water Sales 45,000 45,000 10,250 12,250 12,250 Tapping Fees – Swere 59,000 59,000 59,000 10,0250 12,250 Toping Fees – Swere 50,000 5,000 10,0250 12,250 Total OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,879,950 Namitenance 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,879,950 1,879,950 Perisonnel Costs 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 1,330,00 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Contingency - - - - Total OPERATING EXPENDITURES - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Water Sales (Including Capital Improvements Fees) \$3,490,600 \$3,490,600 \$3,490,600 \$3,599,032 \$108,432 Sever Sales 640,000 640,000 640,000 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,100 640,142 4,442 4,442 Bulk Water Sales 42,000 42,000 42,000 42,000 12,611 (22,336) (22,336) (22,336) (24,442) 4,442 Julk Water Sales 42,000 42,000 42,000 42,000 100,000 12,611 (22,386) (22,386) (22,386) (22,386) (22,386) (22,386) (23,300) (23,000) (24,125)	OPERATING REVENUES	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Sever Sales 640,000 640,000 680,161 40,161 Penalty Income 23,000 22,936 (64) Reconnect Fees 42,000 42,000 46,442 4,442 Bulk Water Sales 45,000 42,000 46,442 4,442 Bulk Water Sales 45,000 45,000 10,250 12,250 Tapping Fees – Sever 59,000 59,000 60,070 1,070 Line Extensions & Other 100,000 295,619 195,619 195,619 Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,04,900 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,100 48,86,090 340,490 Vehilities 103,000 51,432 11,577 340,600 18,89,429 (9,479) Surplies 52,800 77,900 677,881 102,619 12,851		*• • • • • • • •	*• • • • • • • •	* 0 5 00 000	* 4 * * 4 * *
Penalty Income 23,000 22,936 (64) Reconnect Fees 42,000 42,000 42,442 4442 Bulk Water Sales 45,000 45,000 12,611 (32,389) Tapping Fees – Sewer 59,000 59,000 59,000 256,619 195,619 Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 Miscellaneous Income 5,000 50,000 15,452 10,452 OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 1,426,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 1,320,00 52,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and O					¥) -
Reconined Fees 42,000 46,442 4,442 Bulk Water Sales 45,000 45,000 12,611 (32,389) Tapping Fees – Water 98,000 98,000 110,250 12,250 Tapping Fees – Sewer 59,000 59,000 60,070 1,070 Line Extensions & Other 100,000 100,000 35,17 517 Miscellaneous Income 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,600 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Waintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,9300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 224,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 204,800 49410 485,523 14,514 Contract and Outside Services 533,950 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Bulk Water Sales 45,000 12,611 (32,389) Tapping Fees – Water 98,000 98,000 10,250 12,250 Tapping Fees – Sewer 100,000 295,619 195,619 195,619 Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 Miscellaneous Income 5,000 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 71,000 10,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 13,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contingery 28,300 19,880 4,910 39,69,900 4,936,035 27,115 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,880 4,910 36,730 1,644,528 (99,678) Contingery - - - - - 53,700 <					
Tapping Fees – Water 98,000 98,000 110,250 12,250 Tapping Fees – Sewer 59,000 59,000 60,070 1,070 Line Extensions & Other 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 Miscellaneous Income 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 223,514 (1,414) Utilities 200,000 22,00 23,514 (1,444) Contract and Outside Services 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - - 5,265 5,265 5,265 5,265 5,265 5,265					
Tapping Fees - Sewer 59,000 60,070 1,070 Line Extensions & Other 100,000 100,000 295,619 195,619 Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 Miscellaneous Income 5,000 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 Repair and Maintenance 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 771,900 677,881 102,019 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 741,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 533,950 1,384,880 1,464,528 (99,678) 1,669,963 27,115 Contagency - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					
Line Extensions & Other 100,000 295,619 195,619 Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,617 517 Miscellaneous Income 4,505,600 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 229,667 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 533,950 1,346,858 1,464,528 (9,678) Contingency - - - - - - TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Tapping Fees – Waler Tapping Fees – Sewer				
Interest Income 3,000 3,000 3,517 517 Miscellaneous Income 5,000 3,000 3,617 517 Miscellaneous Income 5,000 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 7719,900 677,881 102,019 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Uitlities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES OVER - - 52,655 5,265 67,605 Interest Income - Debt Service - - 52,655 5,265 52,655 52,655 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td></td<>					,
Miscellaneous income 5.000 5.000 15,452 10,452 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES 9 9,979 9 9 9,910 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,330 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency 2 -					
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 4,505,600 4,505,600 4,846,090 340,490 OPERATING EXPENDITURES Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,879,950 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,320 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
OPERATING EXPENDITURES Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Contingency -	_				
Personnel Costs 1,826,950 1,879,950 1,889,429 (9,479) Supplies 562,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency -	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,303,000	4,303,000	4,040,090	540,490
Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - - - - - - TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,963,150 4,936,035 27,115 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER - 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) - - (260,355) (260,355) (260,355) (260,355) - - <t< td=""><td>OPERATING EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	OPERATING EXPENDITURES				
Supplies 582,800 779,900 677,881 102,019 Repair and Maintenance 44,300 42,150 45,763 (3,613) Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,880 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - - - - - - TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,963,150 4,936,035 27,115 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER - 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) - - 630,000) - 948,000 - 948,000 - 948,000 <td>Personnel Costs</td> <td>1,826,950</td> <td>1,879,950</td> <td>1,889,429</td> <td>(9,479)</td>	Personnel Costs	1,826,950	1,879,950	1,889,429	(9,479)
Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 56,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - <t< td=""><td>Supplies</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Supplies				
Maintenance of Plants and Buildings 71,000 101,000 71,033 29,967 Professional Fees 133,000 51,300 58,474 (7,174) Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>45,763</td><td>(3,613)</td></t<>				45,763	(3,613)
Utilities 200,000 222,100 223,514 (1,414) Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency - - - - - - TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,963,150 4,936,035 27,115 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES - <td< td=""><td></td><td>71,000</td><td>101,000</td><td>71,033</td><td></td></td<>		71,000	101,000	71,033	
Contract and Outside Services 549,600 497,100 485,523 11,577 Sundry 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) CONTINGENCY - - - - - - TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,963,150 4,936,035 27,115 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,963,150 4,936,035 27,115 Interest Income - Debt Service - - 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) - - 5,265 5,265 Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery - - 38,712 30	Professional Fees	133,000	51,300	58,474	(7,174)
Sundry Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 28,300 24,800 19,890 4,910 Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases 533,950 1,364,850 1,464,528 (99,678) Contingency -	Utilities	200,000	222,100	223,514	(1,414)
Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases Contingency533,9501,364,8501,464,528(99,678)TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES3,969,9004,963,1504,936,03527,115 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) Interest Income - Debt Service Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges Bond Principal Payments TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	Contract and Outside Services	549,600	497,100	485,523	
Contingency TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES3,969,9004,963,1504,936,03527,115EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES3,969,9004,963,1504,936,03527,115Interest Income - Debt Service Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery 	Sundry	28,300	24,800	19,890	4,910
TOTĂL OPERATING EXPENDITURES 3,969,900 4,933,150 4,936,035 27,115 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) Interest Income - Debt Service - - 5,265 5,265 Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery - - 38,712 38,712 38,712 Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges - - (260,355) (260,355) Bond Principal Payments - - (630,000) - 948,000 TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) 214,300 1,064,300 1,064,300 - 948,000 TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) 214,300 1,064,300 - 948,000 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) \$(200,000) \$(341,250) \$127,977 \$469,227 Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: \$(200,000) \$(341,250) \$127,977 \$469,227 Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: \$(1,329,615) (1,329,615) 0 <td>Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases</td> <td>533,950</td> <td>1,364,850</td> <td>1,464,528</td> <td>(99,678)</td>	Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases	533,950	1,364,850	1,464,528	(99,678)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES535,700(457,550)(89,945)367,605NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) Interest Income - Debt Service5,2655,265Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery38,71238,712Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges(260,355)(260,355)Bond Principal Payments(630,000)(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,3001,064,300-Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000)-TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized\$127,977\$469,227Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances(1,329,615) 645,988\$127,977\$126,515	Contingency	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES 535,700 (457,550) (89,945) 367,605 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) - - 5,265 5,265 Grant Revenue – Disaster Recovery - - 38,712 38,712 Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges - - (260,355) (260,355) Bond Principal Payments - - (630,000) (630,000) Transfer In From Other Funds 214,300 1,064,300 1,064,300 - Debt Service (950,000) (948,000) - 948,000 TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES) (735,700) 116,300 217,922 101,622 EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) \$(200,000) \$(341,250) \$127,977 \$469,227 Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: \$(200,000) \$(341,250) \$127,977 \$469,227 Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: \$127,977 \$469,227 Depreciation (1,329,615) [1,428,540] [20,615] Depreciation (1,329,615)<	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	3,969,900	4,963,150	4,936,035	27,115
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)Interest Income - Debt Service-Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery-Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges-Bond Principal Payments-Contraster In From Other Funds-Debt Service-TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)EXCESS (Deficit) of Revenues over ExpendituresCapital Expenses CapitalizedDepreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances	EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING REVENUES OVER				
Interest Income - Debt Service5,2655,265Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery38,71238,712Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges(260,355)(260,355)Bond Principal Payments(630,000)(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300-948,000Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227	EXPENDITURES	535,700	(457,550)	(89,945)	367,605
Interest Income - Debt Service5,2655,265Grant Revenue - Disaster Recovery38,71238,712Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges(260,355)(260,355)Bond Principal Payments(630,000)(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300-948,000Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227					
Grant Revenue – Disaster Recovery38,71238,712Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges(260,355)(260,355)Bond Principal Payments(630,000)(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300-948,000Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized\$127,977\$469,227Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances(1,329,615) 645,9881.448,540				E 065	E OGE
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges(260,355)(260,355)Bond Principal Payments(630,000)(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227		-	-		
Bond Principal Payments(630,000)Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300-Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227		-	-		
Transfer In From Other Funds214,3001,064,300-948,000Debt Service(950,000)(948,000)-948,000TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227		-	-		
Debt Service TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(950,000)(948,000)-948,000(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227		214 200	1 064 200		(030,000)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)(735,700)116,300217,922101,622EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227	-	,		1,004,300	948.000
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES \$(200,000) \$(341,250) \$127,977 \$469,227 Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation (1,329,615) Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances 645,988	-			217 022	
EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227		(133,100)	110,500	217,322	101,022
EXPENDITURES\$(200,000)\$(341,250)\$127,977\$469,227Reconciliation of Actual Amounts on the Budget Basis to Change in Net Assets: Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital Expenses Capitalized Depreciation Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances\$127,977\$469,227	EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
Change in Net Assets:\$127,977Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures\$127,977Capital Expenses Capitalized1,448,540Depreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988		\$(200,000)	\$(341,250)	\$127,977	\$469,227
Change in Net Assets:\$127,977Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures\$127,977Capital Expenses Capitalized1,448,540Depreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988	-				
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures\$127,977Capital Expenses Capitalized1,448,540Depreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988	•				
Capital Expenses Capitalized1,448,540Depreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988					
Depreciation(1,329,615)Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988					
Debt Payments Applied to Debt Balances645,988					
Change in Net Position \$892,890			-		
	Change in Net Position		=	\$892,890	

TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SERVICES AND RATES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

1. Services Provided by the District:

х	Retail Water		Wholesale Water		Drainage
х	Retail Wastewater		Wholesale Wastewater		Irrigation
	Parks/Recreation		Fire Protection		Security
	Solid Waste/Garbage		Flood Control		Roads
	Participates in joint venture, regional syste	em a	nd/or wastewater service (other	thar	1
L	emergency interconnect)				
	Other (specify):				

2. Retail Service Providers

a. Retail Rates Based on a 5/8" Meter (or equivalent):

		inimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N		ates per 1000 Gallons Over Minimum		sage evels	
WATER:	\$	36.00	0		<u>Y</u> \$ \$	<u> </u>	<u>0</u> 10,001	to to	<u>10,000</u>
WASTEWATER:	\$	10.00	2,000		<u>Y</u> \$ \$	2.45	_2,001	to	
SURCHARGE:	\$	<u>N/A</u>			_ \$			to to	
District employs wint	er av	eraging for w	/astewater usage?	?		Yes	x No		
Total charges per 10	,000	gallons usag	e: Water <u>\$9</u>	<u>1.00</u> V	Vastewate	er <u>\$29.60</u>			

b. Water and Wastewater Retail Connections:

Meter Size	Total <u>Connections</u>	Active <u>Connections</u>	ESFC <u>Factor</u>	Active <u>ESFCs</u>
Unmetered			X 1.0	
<u>< ³/4</u> "	5,541	4,127	X 1.0	4,127
1"	244	206	X 2.5	515
1 1⁄2"	45	44	X 5.0	220
2"	63	56	X 8.0	448
3"	12	8	X 15.0	120
4"	9	8	X 25.0	200
6"	1	0	X 50.0	0
8"			X 80.0	
10"			X 115.0	
Total Water	5,915	4,449		5,630
Total Wastewater	5,587	4,482	X 1.0	4,482

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SERVICES AND RATES SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

3. Total Water Consumption During The Fiscal Year (rounded to the nearest thousand):

 Gallons pumped into the system:
 429,279
 Water Accountability Ratio:

 Gallons billed to customers:
 347,518
 81 %

4. Standby Fees: (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):

N/A

5. Location of District:

(Submitted in prior years)

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Personnel Expenditures (including benefits)	\$2,210,204
Professional Fees: Auditing Legal Other	23,050 21,376 <u>332</u> 44,758
Contracted Services: Appraisal District Tax Collectors Other	28,294 7,898 <u>30,989</u> <u>67,181</u>
Utilities and Telephone	24,606
Repairs and Maintenance	176,297
Administrative Expenditures: Directors' Fees Office Supplies Insurance Other Administrative Expenditures	7,625 10,404 80,257 16,290 114,576
Capital Outlay: Capitalized Assets Debt Service: Principal: Interest:	67,067 325,877 31,885
	357,762
Other Expenditures	317,638
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$3,380,089

Number of persons employed by the District: <u>47</u> Full – Time <u>0</u> Part – Time

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND OPERATING EXPENSES SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Personnel Expenditures (including benefits)	\$1,881,804
Professional Fees: Auditing Legal Engineering Other	23,050 21,376 13,336 712 58,474
Purchased Services For Resale: Bulk Water and Wastewater Purchases	177,171
Contracted Services: Other Contracted Services	221,944
Utilities and Telephone	223,514
Plant Operations and Maintenance (including supplies)	736,547
Repairs and Maintenance	45,763
Administrative Expenses: Directors' Fees Office Supplies Insurance	7,625 12,367 <u>80,257</u> 100,249
Solid Waste Disposal	6,151
Depreciation	1,329,615
Other Expenses	19,890
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$4,801,122

Number of persons employed by the District: <u>47</u> Full - Time <u>0</u> Part - Time

TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

<u>Funds</u>	Identification or Certificate <u>Number</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Balance at <u>End of Year</u>	Accrued Interest Receivable at <u>End of Year</u>
<u>General Fund</u>					
Certificate of Deposit	7080281	.20%	10/24/18	<u>\$3,138,773</u>	
Total General Fund				3,138,773	
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund					
Certificate of Deposit (Meter Deposits)	7080284	.20%	10/24/18	774,205	-
Certificate of Deposit (Revenue)	7080283	.20%	10/24/18	382,411	-
Certificate of Deposit (2012 I & S)	7080285	.20%	10/24/18	167,929	-
Certificate of Deposit (2012 I & S Reserve)	7080286	.50%	10/21/18	786,600	-
Certificate of Deposit (2014 Project I&S)	7080332	.20%	10/26/18	29,551	-
Certificate of Deposit (2014 Project Reserve)	7080356	.20%	10/19/18	195,700	
Total Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund				2,336,396	
Total – All Funds				<u>\$5,475,169</u>	<u> </u>

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Maintenance Taxes
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$496,325
2016 Original Tax Levy Adjustments	3,262,663 (27,497)
Total to be Accounted For	3,731,491
Tax Collections: Current Year Prior Years Total Collections	(3,148,513) (88,615) (3,237,128)
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$494,363
Taxes Receivable, By Years 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 and Earlier	\$108,409 51,465 43,710 35,215 31,580 33,315 25,894 26,285 22,310 20,471 18,146 77,563
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$494,363

TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Property Valuations:				
Chambers County	\$791,764,578	\$736,631,158	\$863,283,512	\$901,999,781
Jefferson County	5,399,025	5,315,835	5,697,916	9,906,849
Total Property				
Valuations	\$797,163,603	\$741,946,993	\$868,981,428	\$911,906,630
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation: Maintenance tax rates Debt Service tax rates	\$0.40870	\$0.40870	\$0.40870	\$0.40870
Total Tax Rates per				
\$100 Valuation	\$0.40870	\$0.40870	\$0.40870	\$0.40870
Original Tax Levy:	\$3,262,663	\$3,030,411	\$3,549,993	\$3,726,020
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes				
Levied	99.2%	102.6%	101.3%	100.2%

TSI-4

WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS UTILITY SYSTEM REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2012 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Due During Fiscal	February 15	Augu	st 15	
Years Ending	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$92,913	\$600,000	\$92,912	\$785,825
2020	83,913	615,000	83,912	782,825
2021	73,150	640,000	73,150	786,300
2022	61,950	660,000	61,950	783,900
2023	50,400	685,000	50,400	785,800
2024	38,413	705,000	38,413	781,826
2025	26,075	730,000	26,075	782,150
2026	13,300	760,000	13,300	786,600
	\$440,114	\$5,395,000	\$440,112	\$6,275,226
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WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS UTILITY SYSTEM REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2014 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Due During Fiscal	February 15	Augu	st 15	
Years Ending	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$51,700	\$50,000	\$51,700	\$153,400
2020	50,950	75,000	50,950	176,900
2021	49,825	75,000	49,825	174,650
2022	48,700	100,000	48,700	197,400
2023	47,200	100,000	47,200	194,400
2024	45,700	90,000	45,700	181,400
2025	44,350	100,000	44,350	188,700
2026	42,850	110,000	42,850	195,700
2027	41,200	225,000	41,200	307,400
2028	36,700	235,000	36,700	308,400
2029	32,000	240,000	32,000	304,000
2030	27,200	250,000	27,200	304,400
2031	22,200	260,000	22,200	304,400
2032	17,000	270,000	17,000	304,000
2033	11,600	285,000	11,600	308,200
2034	5,900	295,000	5,900	306,800
_				
_	\$575,075	\$2,760,000	\$575,075	\$3,910,150

WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND LONG-TERM DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS BY YEARS UTILITY SYSTEM TOTAL BONDED INDEBTEDNESS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Due During Fiscal	February 15	August 15		
Years Ending	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$144,613	\$650,000	\$144,612	\$939,225
2020	134,863	690,000	134,862	959,725
2021	122,975	715,000	122,975	960,950
2022	110,650	760,000	110,650	981,300
2023	97,600	785,000	97,600	980,200
2024	84,113	795,000	84,113	963,226
2025	70,425	830,000	70,425	970,850
2026	56,150	870,000	56,150	982,300
2027	41,200	225,000	41,200	307,400
2028	36,700	235,000	36,700	308,400
2029	32,000	240,000	32,000	304,000
2030	27,200	250,000	27,200	304,400
2031	22,200	260,000	22,200	304,400
2032	17,000	270,000	17,000	304,000
2033	11,600	285,000	11,600	308,200
2034	5,900	295,000	5,900	306,800
-				
=	\$1,015,189	\$8,155,000	\$1,015,187	\$10,185,376

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUND CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BONDED DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Series 2012	Series 2014	Totals
	001100 2012	001100 2011	Totalo
Interest Rate	2.00 - 3.50%	3.00 - 4.00%	
Dates Interest			
Payable	2/15; 8/15	2/15; 8/15	
Maturity Dates	8/15/12 to 8/15/26	8/15/16 to 8/15/34	
Bonds Outstanding			
at Beginning of Current Year	\$5,975,000	\$2,810,000	\$8,785,000
Bonds Sold During			
the Current Year	-	-	-
Retirements During			
the Current Year	580,000	50,000	630,000
Bonds Outstanding			
at End of Current Year	\$5,395,000	\$2,760,000	\$8,155,000
Interest Paid			
Current Year	\$203,225	\$104,900	\$308,125
aying Agent's Name & C eries 2012 Bank of Ne	aty: w York Mellon. Da		
	w York Mellon, Da		
ond Authority:	<u>Tax Bo</u>	<u>nds (1)</u>	Other Bonds
mount Authorized by Vo		-	\$ n/a

Bond Authority:	Tax Bonds (1)	Other Bonds	Refunding Bonds
Amount Authorized by Voter	\$	<u>\$ n/a</u>	\$
Amount Issued	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,910,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,220,000</u>
Remaining to be Issued	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$

(1) Includes all bonds secured with tax revenues. Bonds in this category may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

Debt Service Fund Cash and Investments Balances as of September 30, 2018:\$1,187,412Average Annual Debt Service Payment (Principal & Interest) for Remaining Term of All Debt:\$636,586

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 201	8									
		Amounts				Percent of Fund Total Revenues				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
OPERATING REVENUES:										
Taxes	\$3,247,243	\$3,041,701	\$3,650,288	\$3,792,197	\$2,824,236	85.0%	88.8%	90.6%	98.3%	96.3%
Penalty and Interest	60,655	71,603	60,481	54,955	62,696	1.6%	2.1%	1.5%	1.4%	2.1%
Interest Income	8,260	8,985	6,530	6,469	5,725	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Grant Income	46,601	-	-	-	11,250	1.2%	-	-	-	0.4%
Other Revenues	457,140	301,506	313,133	2,515	28,278	12.0%	8.8%	7.7%	0.1%	1.0%
TOTAL REVENUES	3,819,899	3,423,795	4,030,432	3,856,136	2,932,185	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
EXPENDITURES:										
Personnel Costs	2,217,829	1,953,052	1,670,713	1,353,127	1,412,357	58.1%	57.0%	41.5%	35.1%	48.2%
Supplies	328,042	235,973	215,654	237,493	221,077	8.6%	6.9%	5.3%	6.2%	7.5%
Repairs and Maintenance	176,297	144,805	199,770	144,419	95,619	4.6%	4.2%	4.9%	3.7%	3.3%
Utilities	24,606	30,589	22,252	19,030	18,876	0.6%	0.9%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%
Contract Services and Professional Fees	192,196	205,101	172,794	217,091	201,612	5.0%	6.0%	4.3%	5.6%	6.9%
Sundry	16,290	19,010	10,367	14,493	9,241	0.4%	0.6%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%
Capital Expenditures	67,067	826,001	245,763	1,069,311	535,824	1.8%	24.1%	6.1%	27.7%	18.3%
Debt Service	357,762	438,341	563,719	499,384	379,202	9.4%	12.8%	14.0%	13.0%	12.9%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,380,089	3,852,872	3,101,032	3,554,348	2,873,808	88.5%	112.5%	76.9%	92.2%	98.0%
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	439,810	(429,077)	929,400	301,788	58,377	11.5%	-12.5%	23.1%	7.8%	2.0%
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Capital Lease Financing Proceeds	-	638,015	-	776,397	345,392	-	18.6%	-	20.1%	11.8%
Transfers (To) From Other Funds	(1,064,300)	(200,000)	(228,039)	(448,956)	90,689	-27.9%	-5.8%	-5.7%	-11.6%	3.1%
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER										
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (624,490)	\$ 8,938	\$ 701,361	\$ 629,229	\$ 494,458	-16.4%	0.3%	17.4%	16.3%	16.9%

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

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WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FIVE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES: Water Service Sewer Service	2018 \$3,611,643	2017	2016	2015	2014	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Water Service							2017	2010	2010	2014
Sewer Service	000 404	\$3,748,788	\$3,667,663	\$3,285,229	\$3,400,885	74.5%	77.5%	76.6%	77.4%	79.9%
	680,161	643,134	636,936	630,962	643,972	14.0%	13.3%	13.3%	14.9%	15.1%
Penalty and Income	22,936	23,304	22,900	21,189	23,235	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Tap and Connection Fees	216,762	190,170	165,360	297,226	153,859	4.5%	3.9%	3.5%	7.0%	3.6%
Line Extensions and Other Fees	295,619	216,318	284,921	-	-	6.1%	4.5%	6.0%	-	-
Investment Income	3,517	3,236	3,185	3,307	3,118	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Other	15,452	9,271	4,659	1,000	36,148	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	-	0.8%
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,846,090	4,834,221	4,785,624	4,238,913	4,261,217	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Personnel Costs	1,889,429	1,734,439	1,748,935	1,668,621	1,571,540	39.0%	35.9%	36.5%	39.4%	36.9%
Plant Operations, Maintenance and Supplies	748,914	840,698	419,114	465,131	491,224	15.5%	17.4%	8.8%	11.0%	11.5%
Contractual Services and Professional Fees	543,997	593,990	430,262	582,252	581,676	11.3%	12.3%	9.0%	13.7%	13.7%
Utilities	223,514	208,160	199,343	179,996	192,203	4.6%	4.3%	4.2%	4.2%	4.5%
Repairs and Maintenance	45,763	51,745	46,864	38,989	41,230	0.9%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%
Sundry	19,890	25,632	21,489	24,198	23,345	0.4%	0.5%	0.3%	0.6%	0.5%
Depreciation	1,329,615	1,302,866	1,151,112	1,090,449	1,015,350	27.4%	27.0%	24.1%	25.7%	23.8%
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	4,801,122	4,757,530	4,017,119	4,049,636	3,916,568	99.1%	98.4%	83.9%	95.5%	91.9%
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	44,968	76,691	768,505	189,277	344,649	0.9%	1.6%	16.1%	4.5%	8.1%
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):										
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets	-	41,213	(51,748)	-	5,498	-	0.9%	-1.1%	-	0.1%
Disaster Recovery, Net	38,712	-	33,207	-	(4,922)	0.8%	-	0.7%	-	-0.1%
Interest Income-Debt Service and Construction	5,265	5,218	5,241	5,390	5,194	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(260,355)	(278,862)	(292,193)	(279,090)	(212,491)	-5.4%	-5.8%	-6.1%	-6.6%	-5.0%
Bond Issue Costs and Miscellaneous	-	-	-	(167,813)	-	-	-	-	-4.0%	-
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES, NET	(216,378)	(232,431)	(305,493)	(441,513)	(206,721)	-4.5%	-4.8%	-6.4%	-10.4%	-4.9%
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS,										
AND TRANSFERS	(171,410)	(155,740)	463,012	(252,236)	137,928	-3.6%	-3.2%	9.7%	-6.0%	3.2%
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS FROM GRANTS	-	1,287,350	-	-	72,437	-	26.6%	-	-	1.7%
TRANSFERS (TO) FROM OTHER FUNDS	1,064,300	224,409	561,909	461,800	-	22.0%	4.6%	11.7%	10.9%	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 892,890	\$ 1,356,019	\$ 1,024,921	\$ 209,564	\$ 210,365	18.4%	28.1%	21.4%	4.9%	4.9%

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

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WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	(Operations	De	ebt Service	Total	El	ljustments/ iminations (Note A)	C	Combined Total
Operating Revenues									
Charges for Services, net	\$	4,859,962	\$	-	\$ 4,859,962	\$	-	\$	4,859,962
Investment Income		3,517		-	3,517		-		3,517
Other Income		11,907		-	11,907		-		11,907
Total Revenues		4,875,386		-	4,875,386		-		4,875,386
Operating Expenses									
Personnel Cost		1,889,429		-	1,889,429		-		1,889,429
Supplies		677,881		-	677,881		-		677,881
Repairs and Maintenance		45,763		-	45,763		-		45,763
Maintenance of Plants and Buildings		71,033		-	71,033		-		71,033
Professional Fees		58,474		-	58,474		-		58,474
Utilities		223,514		-	223,514		-		223,514
Contract and Outside Services		485,523		-	485,523		-		485,523
Sundry		19,890		-	19,890		-		19,890
Depreciation		1,329,615		-	1,329,615		-		1,329,615
Total Operating Expenses		4,801,122		-	4,801,122		-		4,801,122
Operating Income (Loss)		74,264		-	74,264		-		74,264
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)									
Disaster Recovery Grant Revenue		9,416		-	9,416		-		9,416
Interest Income, Debt Service and Constr.		-		5,265	5,265		-		5,265
Interest Expense, Debt		-		(259,105)	(259,105)		-		(259,105)
Administration Fees		-		(1,250)	(1,250)		-		(1,250)
Bond Principal Payments		-		(630,000)	(630,000)		630,000		-
Total Non-Operating		9,416		(885,090)	(875,674)		630,000		(245,674)
Transfers in (out)		116,300		948,000	1,064,300		-		1,064,300
Change in Net Position	\$	199,980	\$	62,910	\$ 262,890	\$	630,000	\$	892,890

Note A - The adjustments reflected on the above schedule are necessary to present the combined total on a GAAP basis. The schedule indicates principal payments in order to present the activity of the debt service accounts.

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information. 53

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WATER AND WASTEWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -DEBT SERVICE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	2012 REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS	2014 REVENUE BONDS	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE ACCOUNTS
REVENUES:		-	
Interest Received	\$4,746	\$519	\$5,265
Transfers From Other Funds	792,000	156,000	948,000
TOTAL REVENUES	796,746	156,519	953,265
EXPENDITURES:			
Bond Principal Paid	580,000	50,000	630,000
Bond Interest Paid	203,225	104,900	308,125
Paying Agent's Fee	500	750	1,250
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	783,725	155,650	939,375
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$13,021	\$869	\$13,890
CASH AND INVESTMENTS – BEGINNING OF YEAR			
Debt Service Accounts	\$158,719	\$32,503	\$191,222
Reserve Accounts	786,600	195,700	982,300
Total	\$945,319	\$228,203	\$1,173,522
CASH AND INVESTMENTS – END OF YEAR			
Debt Service Accounts	\$171,740	\$33,372	\$205,112
Reserve Accounts	786,600	195,700	982,300
Total	\$958,340	\$229,072	\$1,187,412

The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report should be read with this additional information.

BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Complete District Mailing Address: P.O. Box 599, Stowell, Texas, 77661_____ District Business Telephone Number: _____(409) 296-3602_____ Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): _____ Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: _____ (Set by Board Resolution – TWC Section 49.060)

Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) <u>or Date Hired</u>	Fees <u>9/30/18</u>	Expense Reimbursements <u>9/30/18</u>	Title at <u>Year End</u>	
Board Members:					
Tommy Gilbert-Pct#1	5/2014-11/2018 (Elected)	\$3,200	\$-	Secretary	
Michael L. Winzer-Pct#2	11/2016-11/2020 (Elected)	\$3,200	\$-	President	
Jeffrey Jenkins-Pct#3	5/2014-11/2018 (Elected)	\$2,900	\$-	Member	
Greggory Turner-Pct#4	11/2016-11/2020 (Elected)	\$2,750	\$-	Vice President	
Dorothy F. Hamilton-Pct#5	11/2016-11/2020 (Elected)	\$3,200	\$-	Member	
Key Administrative Personn	el:				
Jerry Shadden	3/2011-Present	\$151,954	\$793	General Manager	
Consultants:					
Germer Gertz, LLP	11/2006-Present	\$44,987	-	Legal Counsel	
Denise Hutter Chambers County Tax Collector	7/1982-Present	\$7,738	-	Tax Collector	
Swaim, Brents & Assoc.	9/1997- Present	\$46,100	-	Auditor	

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION

SWAIM, BRENTS & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 2804 Jefferson Drive Liberty, Texas 77575 (936) 336-7205

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Trinity Bay Conservation District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Trinity Bay Conservation District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses (2018-001).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Trinity Bay Conservation District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statmements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C.

Swaim, Brents & Associates, P.C. Liberty, Texas January 4, 2019

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	X Yes No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
2.	Federal Awards	
	Internal control over major programs:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	N/A
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Identification of major programs:	
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
	N/A	N/A
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No
A.	Financial Statement Findings MATERIAL WEAKNESS	
	2018-001 Grant Documents	

Condition: Grant documents were submitted to grant authorities without proper review and without reconciliation of supporting records.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that grant documents are complete and accurate before submission to grant authorities.

Cause: There are no procedures in place to determine that grant documents submitted were complete and accurate. The District relied on grant authorities to find any errors instead of determining grant information was complete and accurate themselves before submission.

Effect: Numerous grant documents had to be corrected and resubmitted. Financial amounts recorded based on those grant documents had to be adjusted. This causes a potential material misstatement of financial statements and risk of loss of funding.

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented requiring the review and reconciliation of grant documents to the underlying support before submission to grant authorities. That review should be documented with initials and date. Management should not sign any grant document without evidence of proper review.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The District agrees with the finding and the recommended procedures are in process of being implemented.

B. <u>Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs</u> NONE

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Finding/Recommendation

Current Status

Management's Explanation If Not Implemented

None

None

TRINITY BAY CONSERVATION DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2018-001 GRANT DOCUMENTS

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented requiring the review and reconciliation of grant documents to the underlying support before submission to grant authorities. That review should be documented with initials and date. Management should not sign any grant document without evidence of proper review.

Action Taken: The District is implementing procedures whereby all documents to be submitted to grant authorities have documented review and reconciliation before submission or signature. The District has also discussed with employees involved with grants the importance of having a full understanding of the grant so that errors can be minimized.